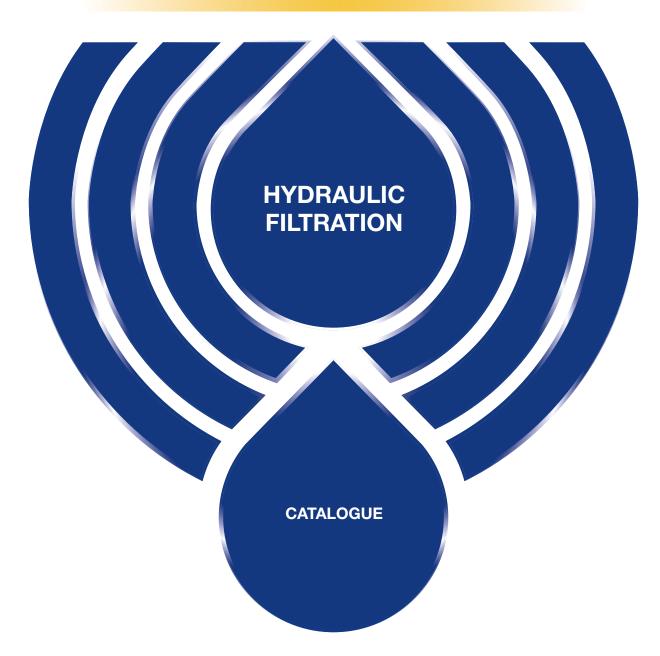
## **SUCTION FILTERS**







# A WORLDWIDE LEADER IN THE FIELD OF HYDRAULIC FILTRATION EQUIPMENT.

Our company started life in 1964, when Bruno Pasotto decided to attempt to cater for the requests of a market still to be fully explored, with the study, design, development, production and marketing of a vast range of filters for hydraulic equipment, capable of satisfying the needs of manufacturers in all sectors. The quality of our products, our extreme competitiveness compared with major international producers and our constant activities of research, design and development has made us a worldwide leader in the field of hydraulic circuit filtering. Present for over 50 years in the market, we have played a truly decisive role in defining our sector, and by now we are a group capable of controlling our entire chain of production, monitoring all manufacturing processes to guarantee superior quality standards and to provide concrete solutions for the rapidly evolving needs of customers and the market.



## **HYDRAULIC FILTRATION PRODUCTS**

# 1 page INTRODUCTION 2 INDEX 4 COMPANY PROFILE 8 PRODUCT RANGE 11 CONTAMINATION MANAGEMENT 22 FILTER SIZING 24 CORRECTIVE FACTOR 26 SELECTION SOFTWARE

up to Q<sub>max</sub> (28) page l/min gpm 31 STR & MPA - MPM Submerged suction filter, with bypass or magnetic filter 1000 264 38 SFEX In-line filter with plastic bowl 100 26 49 SF2 250 - 350 Semi-submerged positive head suction filter, low flow rate 160 42 57 SF2 500 Semi-submerged positive head suction filter, high flow rate 700 185 **CLOGGING INDICATORS** 679

			up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
(66) p	age	RETURN FILTERS	bar	psi	I/min	gpm
68	RFEX	Return filter, tank mounted filter suitable for all mineral oil and water glycol applications	16	232	260	69
78	MPFX	Tank top semi-immersed filter, standard filter element disassembly	8	116	900	238
106	MPLX	Tank top semi-immersed filter, standard filter element disassembly	10	145	1800	476
114	MPTX	Tank top semi-immersed filter, easy filter element disassembly	8	116	300	79
132	MFBX	Bowl assembly	8	116	700	185
141	MPF	Tank top semi-immersed filter, standard filter element disassembly	8	116	900	238
169	MPT	Tank top semi-immersed filter, easy filter element disassembly	8	116	300	79
187	MFB	Bowl assembly	8	116	700	185
195	MDH	Heavy industrial applications integrated in the tank - air separation	10	145	500	132
203	MPH	Tank top semi-immersed filter, standard filter element disassembly	10	145	3500	925
227	MPI	Tank top semi-immersed filter, standard filter element disassembly	10	145	3500	925
239	FRI	Tank top semi-immersed filter, easy filter element disassembly, it can be used also as in-line filter	20	290	2500	660
255	RF2	Semi-immersed under-head filter, easy filter element disassembly	20	290	615	162
262	ACCESSORIES					
680	CLOGGING INDICATORS					

			up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	$Q_{max}$
264)	page	RETURN / SUCTION FILTERS	bar	psi	l/min	gpm
266	MRSX	Unique TANK TOP filter for mobile machinery, with combined filtration on return and suction to the inlet at the hydrostatic transmissions in closed circuit	10	145	250	66
279	LMP 124 MULTIPORT	Unique IN-LINE filter for mobile machinery, with combined filtration on return and suction to the inlet at the hydrostatic transmissions in closed circuit	80	1160	120	32
682	CLOGGING INDICATORS					

			up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
288 P	age	SPIN-ON FILTERS	bar	psi	l/min	gpm
291	MPS	Low pressure filter, available with single cartridge (CS) for in-line or flange mounting or with two cartridge on the same axis on the opposite sides	12	174	365	96
684	CLOGGING INDICATORS					







421       LMP 900 - 901       In-line low pressure filter       30       435       2000       528         429       LMP 902 - 903       In-line filter specifically designed to be mounted in series       20       290       3000       793         438       ACCESSORIES				up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
11   12   12   12   12   12   12   12	306 p	age	LOW & MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS	bar	psi	l/min	gpm
Mar   210   211   In-line tow & medium pressure filter, low flow rate   60   870   365   96   96   965   In-line tow & medium pressure filter, low flow rate   60   870   708   70	308	LFEX	In-line filter with plastic bowl	16	232	300	79
245   LMP 400 - 401 & 430 - 431   In-line low & medium pressure filter, high flow rate   60   870   780   206   637   LMP 950 - 951   In-line filter, available with 2 and up to 6 different heads   30   435   363   4500   189   637   LMP 950 - 951   In-line duplex supposure filter processure filter processure filter   60   870   200   53   537   LMD 211   In-line duplex medium pressure filter   60   870   202   53   537   LMD 400 - 401 & 431   In-line duplex filter, available with 2 up to 6 different heads   16   232   1200   317   409   Filter elements designed according to DIN 24550   LMP 900 - 901   In-line duplex filter, available with 2 up to 6 different heads   60   870   820   95   421   LMP 900 - 901   In-line and duplex medium pressure filter   30   435   2000   528   421   LMP 902 - 903   In-line filter specifically designed to be mounted in series   20   290   3000   793   423   ACCESSONIES   424   LMP 902 - 903   In-line filter specifically designed to be mounted in series   20   290   3000   793   424   ACCESSONIES   424   ACCESSONIES   425   ACCESSONIES   426   ACCESSONIES   427   ACCESSONIES   428   ACCESSONIES   429   ACCESSONIES   420   ACCESSONIES	319	LMP 110 - 120 - 123 MULTIPORT	In-line filter with Multiport design for multiple choice connection	80	1160	175	46
1.	335	LMP 210 - 211	In-line low & medium pressure filter, low flow rate	60	870	365	96
1885   LMP 982 - 983 - 984	345	LMP 400 - 401 & 430 - 431	In-line low & medium pressure filter, high flow rate	60	870	780	206
March   Mar	357	LMP 950 - 951	In-line filter, available with 2 and up to 6 different heads	30	435	2400	634
150   150	365	LMP 952 - 953 - 954	In-line low pressure filter specifically designed to be mounted in series	25	363	4500	1189
March   Mar	377	LMD 211	In-line duplex medium pressure filter	60	870	200	53
Filter elements designed according to DIN 24550   Section 1.   DP - LDD	385	LMD 400 - 401 & 431	In-line duplex low pressure filter	16	232	600	159
1	401	LMD 951	In-line duplex filter, available with 2 up to 6 different heads	16	232	1200	317
	409		Filter elements designed according to DIN 24550				
	411	LDP - LDD	In-line and duplex medium pressure filter	60	870	360	95
MP 902 - 903   In-line filter specifically designed to be mounted in series   20   290   3000   793   438   ACCESSORIES   ACC	421	LMP 900 - 901	In-line low pressure filter	30		2000	528
	429	LMP 902 - 903	In-line filter specifically designed to be mounted in series	20		3000	793
Page	438	ACCESSORIES					
HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS   bar   psi   V/min   gpm	686	CLOGGING INDICATORS					
442         FMMX 050         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate         420         6092         154         41           451         FMM         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate         420         6092         300         79           461         FHA 051         Filter optimized for use in high pressure operating systems, low flow rate         560         8122         150         40           469         FMP 039         Filter high pressure, low flow rate applications         310         461         150         80         21           477         FMP         Filter high pressure, high flow rate applications, high flow rate         450         6527         630         166           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure for block mounting         350         5076         550         145           541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           565         HPB				up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
451 FMM   Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate   420   6092   300   79     461 FHA 051   Filter optimized for use in high pressure operating systems, low flow rate   560   8122   150   40     469 FMP 039   Filter high pressure, low flow rate applications   110   1595   800   21     477 FMP   Filter high pressure, ligh flow rate applications   320   4641   500   132     489 FHP   Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate   450   6527   630   166     509 FHM   High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction   320   4641   400   106     527 FHB   High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction   320   4641   485   128     541 FHF 325   In-line manifold top mounting   350   5076   550   145     551 FHD   In-line duplex high pressure filter   350   5076   550   666     565 HPB   Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds   420   6092   300   79     687 CLOGGING INDICATORS   350   5076   250   660     577 FZP   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount   420   6092   160   420     587 FZH   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount   420   6092   160   420     587 FZM   Manifold top mounting   320   4641   70   180     588 CLOGGING INDICATORS   4	(440) F	age	HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	bar	psi	I/min	gpm
451 FMM   Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate   420   6092   300   79     461 FHA 051   Filter optimized for use in high pressure operating systems, low flow rate   560   8122   150   40     469 FMP 039   Filter high pressure, low flow rate applications   310   1595   80   21     477 FMP   Filter high pressure, ligh flow rate applications   320   4641   500   132     489 FHP   Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate   450   6527   630   166     509 FHM   High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction   320   4641   400   106     527 FHB   High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction   320   4641   485   128     541 FHF 325   In-line manifold top mounting   350   5076   550   145     551 FHD   In-line duplex high pressure filter   350   5076   550   66     565 FHB   Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds   420   6092   300   79     687 CLOGGING INDICATORS   420   6092   300   79     577 FZP   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount   420   6092   160   42     587 FZH   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount   420   6092   160   42     587 FZH   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure   700   10153   80   21     588 FZM   Manifold top mounting   320   4641   70   18     613 FZB   Manifold side mounting   320   4641   70   18     621 FZD   Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements   350   5076   60   16     688 CLOGGING INDICATORS   500   500   500   500   500   500   500     589 Page   FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE   500   14504   70   70   16     634 FZP   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure   420   6092   1504   41     635 FZH   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure   420   6092   1500   41     636 FZM   In-line pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate   420   6092   1500   41     637 FZP   In-line pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate   420   6092	442	FMMX 050	Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate	420	6092	154	41
461         FHA 051         Filter optimized for use in high pressure operating systems, low flow rate         560         8122         150         40           469         FMP 039         Filter high pressure, low flow rate applications         110         1595         80         21           477         FMP         Filter high pressure, ligh flow rate applications         320         4641         500         132           489         FHP         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate         450         6527         630         166           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         485         128           541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           567         CLOGING INDICATORS         Type In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         100         42           587         FZP <t< td=""><td>451</td><td>FMM</td><td></td><td></td><td>6092</td><td></td><td>79</td></t<>	451	FMM			6092		79
469         FMP 039         Filter high pressure, low flow rate applications         110         1595         80         21           477         FMP         Filter high pressure, high flow rate applications         320         4641         500         132           489         FHP         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate         450         6527         630         166           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         350         5076         550         145           541         FHF         325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         250         66           555         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         TEX         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l/min         pgm		FHA 051					
477         FMP         Filter high pressure, high flow rate applications         320         4641         500         132           489         FHP         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate         450         6527         630         166           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure for block mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         165           565         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l/min         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZY         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           587         FZX         In-line pressure filter for continuous operat	469	FMP 039		110	1595	80	21
489         FHP         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, high flow rate         450         6527         630         166           509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure for block mounting         320         4641         485         128           541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           565         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         Lipto Pressure Filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         160         42           574         page         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l/min         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure         700         10153         80         21           587         FZM         Manifold top mount	477	FMP	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	320	4641	500	132
509         FHM         High pressure filter with intermediate manifold construction         320         4641         400         106           527         FHB         High pressure for block mounting         320         4641         485         128           541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           565         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         up to Pmax         up to Pmax         up to Qmax           574         PSTAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l//min         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold pm mounting         320         4641         70         18           613	489	FHP		450	6527	630	166
527         FHB         High pressure for block mounting         320         4641         485         128           541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           565         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         Up to Pmax         Up to Pmax         Up to Qmax           574         Page         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l/rmin         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure         700         10153         80         21           597         FZX         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold top mounting         320         4641         70         18     <	509	FHM		320	4641	400	106
541         FHF 325         In-line manifold top mounting         350         5076         550         145           551         FHD         In-line duplex high pressure filter         350         5076         250         66           565         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         up to Pmax         up to Qmax           574         page         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         l/min         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold side mounting         320         4641         70         18           613         FZB         Manifold side mounting         320         4641         70         18           621         FZD         Du	527	FHB	High pressure for block mounting	320	4641	485	128
566         HPB         Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds         420         6092         300         79           687         CLOGGING INDICATORS         up to P <sub>max</sub> up to Q <sub>max</sub> 574         page         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         I/min         gpm           577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure         700         10153         80         21           597         FZX         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold top mounting         320         4641         70         18           613         FZB         Manifold side mounting         350         5076         60         16           682         Page         FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE         bar         psi         I/min         ppm           632         Page         FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE         bar         psi         I/min         pm	541	FHF 325		350	5076	550	145
CLOGGING INDICATORS   Up to Pmax   Up to Pmax   Up to Qmax	551	FHD	In-line duplex high pressure filter	350	5076	250	66
STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS   Dar   Psi   I/min   gpm   577   FZP   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount   420   6092   160   42   587   FZH   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure   700   10153   80   21   597   FZX   In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar   1000   14504   10   3   3   3   3   3   4641   70   18   3   3   4641   70   18   3   3   3   4641   70   18   3   3   3   3   3   4   3   3   3   3	565	HPB	Pressure filter kits for integration in control manifolds	420	6092	300	79
574 page         STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS         bar         psi         I/min         gpm           577 FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587 FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure         700         10153         80         21           597 FZX         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605 FZM         Manifold top mounting         320         4641         70         18           613 FZB         Manifold side mounting         320         4641         70         18           621 FZD         Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements         350         5076         60         16           688 CLOGGING INDICATORS         Up to P <sub>max</sub> up to Q <sub>max</sub> 632 page         FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE         bar         psi         I/min         gpm           634 FMMX 050         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate         420         6092         154         41           643 FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         700         10153         80         21 <td>687</td> <td>CLOGGING INDICATORS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>,</td>	687	CLOGGING INDICATORS				1	,
577         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         420         6092         160         42           587         FZH         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure         700         10153         80         21           597         FZX         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold top mounting         320         4641         70         18           613         FZB         Manifold side mounting         320         4641         70         18           621         FZD         Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements         350         5076         60         16           688         CLOGGING INDICATORS         up to Pmax         up to Qmax           632         page         FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE         bar         psi         l/min         gpm           634         FMMX 050         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate         420         6092         154         41           643         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         700         10153         80         21           <				up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 700 10153 80 21 597 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 1000 14504 10 3 605 FZM Manifold top mounting 320 4641 70 18 613 FZB Manifold side mounting 320 4641 70 18 621 FZD Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements 350 5076 60 16 688 CLOGGING INDICATORS    Up to P <sub>max</sub> Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>	(574)	page	STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	bar	psi	I/min	gpm
FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 700 10153 80 21 597 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 1000 14504 10 3 605 FZM Manifold top mounting 320 4641 70 18 613 FZB Manifold side mounting 320 4641 70 18 621 FZD Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements 350 5076 60 16 688 CLOGGING INDICATORS    Up to P <sub>max</sub> Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>   Up to Q <sub>max</sub>	577	FZP	In-line pressure filter with threaded mount	420	6092	160	42
597         FZX         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         1000         14504         10         3           605         FZM         Manifold top mounting         320         4641         70         18           613         FZB         Manifold side mounting         320         4641         70         18           621         FZD         Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements         350         5076         60         16           688         CLOGGING INDICATORS         up to P <sub>max</sub> up to Q <sub>max</sub> 632         page         FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE         bar         psi         I/min         gpm           634         FMMX 050         Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate         420         6092         154         41           643         FZP         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount         700         10153         80         21           653         FZK         In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar         320         4641         70         18	587			700			
605 FZM Manifold top mounting 320 4641 70 18 613 FZB Manifold side mounting 320 4641 70 18 621 FZD Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements 350 5076 60 16 688 CLOGGING INDICATORS  632 page FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE bar psi I/min gpm 634 FMMX 050 Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate 420 6092 154 41 643 FZP In-line pressure filter with threaded mount 700 10153 80 21 653 FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 1000 14504 10 3 663 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 320 4641 70 18	597	FZX	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1000	14504	10	3
Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements    Sociation   Company	605	FZM		320	4641	70	18
Duplex pressure filter for continuous operation requirements    Sociation   Company	613	FZB	·	320	4641	70	
632 page FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE bar psi l/min gpm 634 FMMX 050 Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate 420 6092 154 41 643 FZP In-line pressure filter with threaded mount 700 10153 80 21 653 FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 1000 14504 10 3 663 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 320 4641 70 18		FZD	•	350	5076		
FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE bar psi l/min gpm 634 FMMX 050 Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate 420 6092 154 41 643 FZP In-line pressure filter with threaded mount 700 10153 80 21 653 FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 1000 14504 10 3 663 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 320 4641 70 18	688	CLOGGING INDICATORS			·	'	'
634 FMMX 050 Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate 420 6092 154 41 643 FZP In-line pressure filter with threaded mount 700 10153 80 21 653 FZH In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure 1000 14504 10 3 663 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 320 4641 70 18				up to	P <sub>max</sub>	up to	Q <sub>max</sub>
643FZPIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount700101538021653FZHIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure100014504103663FZXIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar32046417018	(632) p	page	FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE	bar	psi	l/min	gpm
643FZPIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount700101538021653FZHIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure100014504103663FZXIn-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar32046417018	634	FMMX 050	Typical high pressure filter for mobile applications, low flow rate	420	6092	154	41
663 FZX In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar 320 4641 70 18	643	FZP	In-line pressure filter with threaded mount	700	10153	80	21
	653	FZH	In-line pressure filter with threaded mount for higher pressure	1000	14504	10	3
689 CLOGGING INDICATORS	663	FZX	In-line pressure filter with threaded mount up to 1000 bar	320	4641	70	18
	689	CLOGGING INDICATORS					

(669)	page	CLOGGING INDICATORS

674 QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

679 DESIGNATION AND ORDERING CODES

690 TECHNICAL DATA





## **WORLDWIDE PRESENCE**

Our foreign Branches enable us to offer a diversified range of products that allow us to successfully face the aggressive challenge of international competition, and also to maintain a stable presence at a local level.

The Group boasts **9** business branches



## **TECHNOLOGY**

Our constant **quest for excellence in quality and technological innovation** allows us to offer only the best solutions and services for applications in many fields, including general industry, test rigs, lubrication, heavy engineering, renewable energies, naval engineering, offshore engineering, aviation systems, emerging technologies and mobile plant (i.e. tractors, excavators, concrete pumps, platforms).





## AND PRODUCTION

Our high level of technological expertise means we can rely entirely on our own resources, without resorting to external providers. This in turn enables us to satisfy a growing number of customer requests, also exploiting our constantly updated range of machines and equipment, featuring fully-automated workstations capable of 24-hour production.

















#### SUCTION **FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 875 l/min

#### Mounting:

- Tank immersed
- In-Line
- In tank with shut off valve
- In tank with flooded suction

#### **RETURN FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 3000 l/min

Pressure

up to 20 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line - Tank top
- In single and duplex designs

## RETURN / SUCTION **FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 300 l/min

Pressure up to 80 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line
- Tank top

#### SPIN-ON **FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 365 l/min

Pressure up to 35 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line
- Tank top

#### **LOW & MEDIUM** PRESSURE **FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 3000 I/min

Pressure up to 80 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line
- Parallel manifold version
- In single and duplex designs

#### HIGH **PRESSURE FILTERS**

Flow rates up to 750 l/min

Pressure from 110 bar up to 560 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line
- Manifold
- In single
- and duplex designs



## **PRODUCT RANGE**

MP Filtri can offer a vast and articulated range of products for the global market, suitable for all industrial sectors using hydraulic equipment.

This includes filters (suction, return, return/suction, spin-on, pressure, stainless steel pressure, ATEX filters) and structural components (motor/pump bell-housings, transmission couplings, damping rings, foot brackets, aluminium tanks, cleaning covers).

We can provide all the skills and solutions required by the modern hydraulics industry to monitor contamination levels and other fluid conditions.

Mobile filtration units and a full range of accessories allow us to supply everything necessary for a complete service in the hydraulic circuits.



#### STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS

Flow rates up to 150 l/min

Pressure from 320 bar up to 1000 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line
- Manifold
- In single and duplex designs



#### FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE

Flow rates up to 154 l/min

Pressure from 420 bar up to 1000 bar

Mounting:

- In-Line



# CONTAMINATION CONTROL SOLUTIONS

- Off-line, in-line particle counters
- Off-line bottle sampling products
- Fully calibrated using relevant ISO standards
- A wide range of variants to support fluid types and communication protocols
- Mobile Flltration Units with flow rates from 15 I/min up to 200 I/min



# POWER TRANSMISSION PRODUCTS

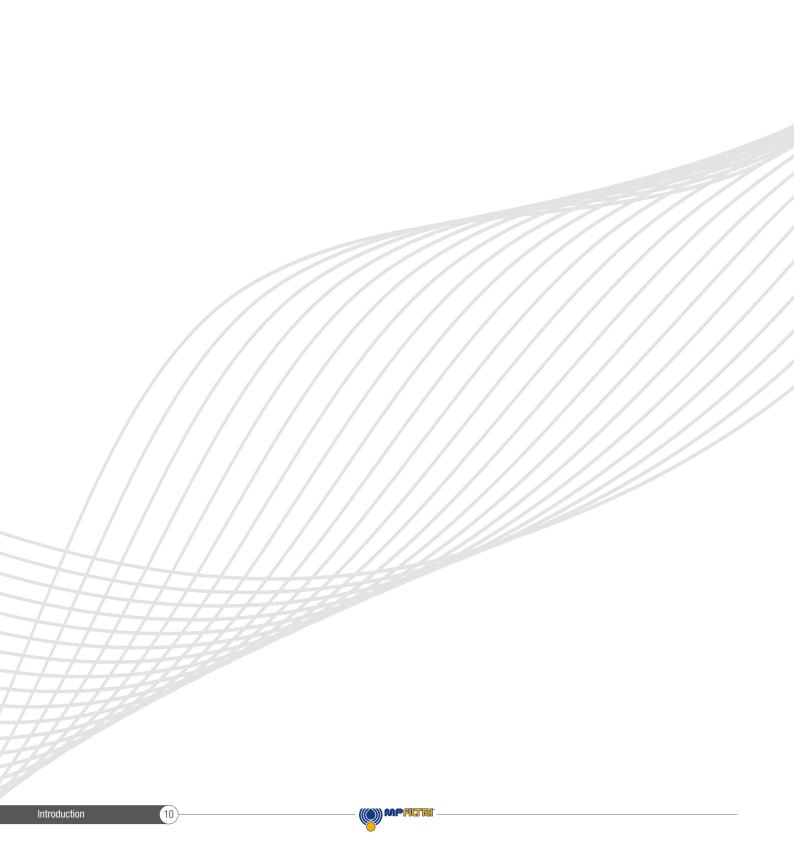
- Aluminium bell-housings for motors from 0.12 kW to 400 kW
- Couplings in Aluminium

  Cast Iron Steel
- Damping rings
- Foot bracket
- Aluminium tanks
- Cleaning covers



#### TANK ACCESSORIES

- Oil filler and air breather plugs
- Optical and electrical level gauges
- Pressure gauge valve selectors
- Pipe fixing brackets
- Pressure gauges





# CONTAMINATION MANAGEMENT

#### **INDEX**

		Pag
1	HYDRAULIC FLUIDS	12
2	FLUIDS CONTAMINATION	12
3	EFFECTS OF CONTAMINATION ON HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS	12
4	MEASURING THE SOLID CONTAMINATION LEVEL	13
5	FILTRATION TECHNOLOGIES	16
6	RECOMMENDED CONTAMINATION CLASSES	17
7	TYPES OF FILTERS	17
8	FILTER SIZING PARAMETERS	18
9	APPLICABLE STANDARDS FOR FILTER DEVELOPMENT	18
10	WATER IN HYDRAULIC AND LUBRICATING FLUIDS	19
<b>(11</b> )	THE ANTI-STATIC FILTERS <b>zerospark</b> +	20



#### 1 HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

The fluid is the vector that transmits power, energy within an oleodynamic circuit. In addition to transmitting energy through the circuit, it also performs additional functions such as lubrication, protection and cooling of the surfaces.

The classification of fluids used in hydraulic systems is coded in many regulatory references, different Standards.

The most popular classification criterion divides them into the following families:

 MINERAL OILS Commonly used oil deriving fluids.

#### - FIRE RESISTANT FLUIDS

Fluids with intrinsic characteristics of incombustibility or high flash point.

#### - SYNTHETIC FLUIDS

Modified chemical products to obtain specific optimized features.

#### - ECOLOGICAL FLUIDS

Synthetic or vegetable origin fluids with high biodegradability characteristics.

The choice of fluid for an hydraulic system must take into account several parameters.

These parameters can adversely affect the performance of an hydraulic system, causing delay in the controls, pump cavitation, excessive absorption, excessive temperature rise, efficiency reduction, increased drainage, wear, jam/block or air intake in the plant.

The main properties that characterize hydraulic fluids and affect their choice are:

- DYNAMIC VISCOSITY

It identifies the fluid's resistance to sliding due to the impact of the particles forming it.

#### - KINEMATIC VISCOSITY

It is a widespread formal dimension in the hydraulic field.

It is calculated with the ratio between the dynamic viscosity and the fluid density

Kinematic viscosity varies with temperature and pressure variations.

#### - VISCOSITY INDEX

This value expresses the ability of a fluid to maintain viscosity when the temperature changes.

A high viscosity index indicates the fluid's ability to limit viscosity variations by varying the temperature.

#### - FILTERABILITY INDEX

It is the value that indicates the ability of a fluid to cross the filter materials. A low filterability index could cause premature clogging of the filter material.

#### - WORKING TEMPERATURE

Working temperature affects the fundamental characteristics of the fluid. As already seen, some fluid characteristics, such as cinematic viscosity, vary with the temperature variation.

When choosing a hydraulic oil, must therefore be taken into account of the environmental conditions in which the machine will operate.

#### - COMPRESSIBILITY MODULE

Every fluid subjected to a pressure contracts, increasing its density. The compressibility module identifies the increase in pressure required to cause a corresponding increase in density.

#### - HYDROLYTIC STABILITY

It is the characteristic that prevents galvanic pairs that can cause wear in the plant/system.

#### - ANTIOXIDANT STABILITY AND WEAR PROTECTION

These features translate into the capacity of a hydraulic oil to avoid corrosion of metal elements inside the system.

#### - HEAT TRANSFER CAPACITY

It is the characteristic that indicates the capacity of hydraulic oil to exchange heat with the surfaces and then cool them.

#### (2) FLUID CONTAMINATION

Whatever the nature and properties of fluids, they are inevitably subject to contamination. Fluid contamination can have two origins:

#### - INITIAL CONTAMINATION

Caused by the introduction of contaminated fluid into the circuit, or by incorrect storage, transport or transfer operations.

#### - PROGRESSIVE CONTAMINATION

Caused by factors related to the operation of the system, such as metal surface wear, sealing wear, oxidation or degradation of the fluid, the introduction of contaminants during maintenance, corrosion due to chemical or electrochemical action between fluid and components, cavitation. The contamination of hydraulic systems can be of different nature:

#### - SOLID CONTAMINATION

For example rust, slag, metal particles, fibers, rubber particles, paint particles

- or additives

#### - LIQUID CONTAMINATION

For example, the presence of water due to condensation or external infiltration or acids

#### - GASEOUS CONTAMINATION

For example, the presence of air due to inadequate oil level in the tank, drainage in suction ducts, incorrect sizing of tubes or tanks.

# 3 EFFECTS OF CONTAMINATION ON HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

Solid contamination is recognized as the main cause of malfunction, failure and early degradation in hydraulic systems. It is impossible to delete it completely, but it can be effectively controlled by appropriate devices.

CONTAMINATION IN PRESENCE OF LARGE TOLERANCES



CONTAMINATION IN PRESENCE OF NARROW TOLERANCES



Solid contamination mainly causes surface damage and component wear.

#### - ABRASION OF SURFACES

Cause of leakage through mechanical seals, reduction of system performance, failures.



#### - SURFACE EROSION

Cause of leakage through mechanical seals, reduction of system performance, variation in adjustment of control components, failures.

- ADHESION OF MOVING PARTS
  Cause of failure due to lack of lubrication.
- DAMAGES DUE TO FATIGUE Cause of breakdowns and components breakdown.



Warran Park

**EROSION** 



FATIGUE

Liquid contamination mainly results in decay of lubrication performance and protection of fluid surfaces.

#### **DISSOLVED WATER**

- INCREASING FLUID ACIDITY

  Cause of surface corrosion and premature fluid oxidation
- GALVANIC COUPLE AT HIGH TEMPERATURES
  Cause of corrosion

#### FREE WATER - ADDITIONAL EFFECTS

- DECAY OF LUBRICANT PERFORMANCE
  Cause of rust and sludge formation, metal corrosion and increased solid
  contamination
- BATTERY COLONY CREATION

  Cause of worsening in the filterability feature
- ICE CREATION AT LOW TEMPERATURES Cause damage to the surface
- ADDITIVE DEPLETION
  Free water retains polar additives

Gaseous contamination mainly results in decay of system performance.

- CUSHION SUSPENSION

  Cause of increased noise and cavitation.
- FLUID OXIDATION

  Cause of corrosion acceleration of metal parts.

# - MODIFICATION OF FLUID PROPERTIES (COMPRESSIBILITY MODULE, DENSITY, VISCOSITY)

Cause of system's reduction of efficiency and of control.

It is easy to understand how a system without proper contamination management is subject to higher costs than a system that is provided.

#### MAINTENANCE

Increase maintenance activities, spare parts, machine stop costs.

#### - ENERGY AND EFFICIENCY

Efficiency and performance reduction due to friction, drainage, cavitation.

#### (4) MEASURING THE SOLID CONTAMINATION LEVEL

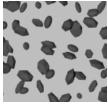
The level of contamination of a system identifies the amount of contaminant contained in a fluid.

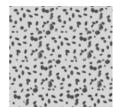
This parameter refers to a unit volume of fluid.

The level of contamination may be different at different points in the system. From the information in the previous paragraphs it is also apparent that the level of contamination is heavily influenced by the working conditions of the system, by its working years and by the environmental conditions.

What is the size of the contaminating particles that we must handle in our hydraulic circuit?







HUMAN HAIR (75 µm)

MINIMUM DIMENSION VISIBLE WITH HUMAN EYES (40 µm)

TYPICAL CONTAMINANT DIMENSION IN A HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT (4 - 14 µm)

Contamination level analysis is significant only if performed with a uniform and repeatable method, conducted with standard test methods and suitably calibrated equipment.

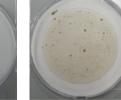
To this end, ISO has issued a set of standards that allow tests to be conducted and express the measured values in the following ways.

#### - GRAVIMETRIC LEVEL - ISO 4405

The level of contamination is defined by checking the weight of particles collected by a laboratory membrane. The membrane must be cleaned, dried and desiccated, with fluid and conditions defined by the Standard.

The volume of fluid is filtered through the membrane by using a suitable suction system. The weight of the contaminant is determined by checking the weight of the membrane before and after the fluid filtration.





CLEAN MEMBRANE

CONTAMINATED MEMBRANE

#### - CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF THE PARTICLES SIZE - ISO 4406

The level of contamination is defined by counting the number of particles of certain dimensions per unit of volume of fluid. Measurement is performed by Automatic Particle Analisers (APCs).

Following the count, the contamination classes are determined, corresponding to the number of particles detected in the unit of fluid.

The most common classification methods follow ISO 4406 and SAE AS 4059 (Aerospace Sector) regulations. NAS 1638 is still used although obsolete.

#### Classification example according to ISO 4406

The International Standards Organization standard ISO 4406 is the preferred method of quoting the number of solid contaminant particles in a sample. The level of contamination is defined by counting the number of particles of certain dimensions per unit of volume of fluid. The measurement is performed by Automatic Particle Analisers (APCs) or Particle Contamination Monitors (PCMs).

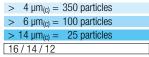
The numbers represent a code which identifies the number of particles of certain sizes in 1ml of fluid. Each code number has a particular size range. The first scale number represents the number of particles equal to or larger than 4  $\mu m_{(c)}$  per millilitre of fluid;

The second scale number represents the number of particles equal to or larger than 6  $\mu$ m<sub>(c)</sub> per millilitre of fluid;

The third scale number represents the number of particles equal to or larger than 14  $\mu$ m(c) per millilitre of fluid.

ISO 4406 - Allocation of Scale Numbers

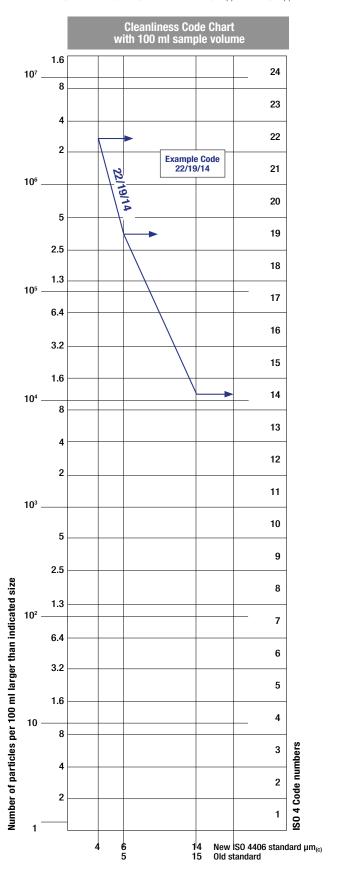
Class	Number of particles per ml			
	Over	Up to		
28	1 300 000	2 500 000		
27	640 000	1 300 000		
26	320 000	640 000		
25	160 000	320 000		
24	80 000	160 000		
23	40 000	80 000		
22	20 000	40 000		
21	10 000	20 000		
20	5 000	10 000		
19	2 500	5 000		
18	1 300	2 500		
17	640	1 300		
16	320	640		
15	160	320		
14	80	160		
13	40	80		
12	20	40		
11	10	20		
10	5	10		
9	2.5	5		
8	1.3	2.5		
7	0.64	1.3		
6	0.32	0.64		
5	0.16	0.32		
4	0.08	0.16		
3	0.04	0.08		
2	0.02	0.04		
1	0.01	0.02		
0	0	0.01		



#### ISO 4406 Cleanliness Code System

Microscope counting examines the particles differently to APCs and the code is given with two scale numbers only.

These are at 5  $\mu$ m and 15  $\mu$ m equivalent to the 6  $\mu$ m<sub>(c)</sub> and 14  $\mu$ m<sub>(c)</sub> of APCs.



 CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF THE PARTICLES SIZE SAE AS4059-1 and SAE AS4059-2

#### Classification example according to SAE AS4059 - Rev. G

The code, prepared for the aerospace industry, is based on the size, quantity, and particle spacing in a 100 ml fluid sample. The contamination classes are defined by numeric codes, the size of the contaminant is identified by letters (A-F).

This SAE Aerospace Standard (AS) defines cleanliness levels for particulate contamination of hydraulic fluids and includes methods of reporting data relating to the contamination levels. Tables 1 and 2 below provide differential and cumulative particle counts respectively for counts obtained by an automatic particle counter, e.g. LPA3.

Table 1 - Class for differential measurement

	Table 1 Class 101 amoremial measurement						
Class	Dimension of contaminant Maximum Contamination Limits per 100 ml (3)						
	5-15 μm	15-25 μm	25-50 μm	50-100 μm	>100 µm	(1)	
	6-14 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	14-21 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	21-38 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	38-70 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	>70 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	(2)	
00	125	22	4	1	0		
0	250	44	8	2	0	-	
1	500	89	16	3	1	-	
2	1 000	178	32	6	1	-	
3	2 000	356	63	11	2	-	
4	4 000	712	126	22	4		
5	8 000	1 425	253	45	8	_	
6	16 000	2 850	506	90	16	-	
7	32 000	5 700	1 012	180	32	-	
8	64 000	11 400	2 025	360	64		
9	128 000	22 800	4 050	720	128		
10	256 000	45 600	8 100	1 440	256	_	
11	512 000	91 200	16 200	2 880	512	_	
12	1 024 000	182 400	32 400	5 760	1 024		

 $6 - 14 \ \mu m_{(c)} = 15 \ 000 \ particles$   $14 - 21 \ \mu m_{(c)} = 2 \ 200 \ particles$   $21 - 38 \ \mu m_{(c)} = 200 \ particles$   $38 - 70 \ \mu m_{(c)} = 35 \ particles$   $> 70 \ \mu m_{(c)} = 3 \ particles$ SAE AS4059 REV G - Class 6

(1) Size range, optical microscope, based on longest dimension as measured per AS598 or ISO 4407. (2) Size range, APC calibrated per ISO 11171 or an optical or electron microscope with image analysis

software, based on projected area equivalent diameter

Table 2 - Class for cumulative measurement

Class	Dimension of contaminant Maximum Contamination Limits per 100 ml						
	>1 µm	>5 µm	>15 µm	>25 µm	>50 µm	>100 µm	(1)
	>4 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	>6 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	>14 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	>21 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	>38 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	>70 µm <sub>(c)</sub>	(2)
000	195	76	14	3	1	0	
00	390	152	27	5	1	0	
0	780	304	54	10	2	0	
1	1 560	609	109	20	4	1	
2	3 120	1 217	217	39	7	1	
3	6 250	2 432	432	76	13	2	
4	12 500	4 864	864	152	26	4	
5	25 000	9 731	1 731	306	53	8	
6	50 000	19 462	3 462	612	106	16	
7	100 000	38 924	6 924	1 224	212	32	
	200 000	77 849	13 849	2 449	424	64	
9	400 000	155 698	27 698	4 898	848	128	
10	800 000	311 396	55 396	9 796	1 696	256	
11	1 600 000	622 792	110 792	19 592	3 392	512	
12	3 200 000	1 245 584	221 584	39 184	6 784	1 024	

>  $4 \mu m_{(c)} = 45 000 \text{ particles}$ >  $6 \mu m_{(c)} = 15 000 \text{ particles}$ 

 $> 14 \mu m_{(c)} = 1500 \text{ particles}$ > 21  $\mu m_{(c)} = 250 \text{ particles}$ 

 $> 38 \mu m_{(c)} = 15 \text{ particles}$  $> 70 \mu m_{(c)} = 3 \text{ particle}$ 

SAE AS4059 REV G
cpc\* Class 6 6/6/5/5/4/2
\* cumulative particle count

(1) Size range, optical microscope, based on longest dimension as measured per AS598 or ISO 4407. (2) Size range, APC calibrated per ISO 11171 or an optical or electron microscope with image analysis software, based on projected area equivalent diameter. (3) Contamination classes and particle count limits are identical to NAS 1638.

#### - CLASSES OF CONTAMINATION ACCORDING TO NAS 1638 (January 1964)

The NAS system was originally developed in 1964 to define contamination classes for the contamination contained within aircraft components.

The application of this standard was extended to industrial hydraulic systems simply because nothing else existed at the time.

The coding system defines the maximum numbers permitted of 100 ml volume at various size intervals (differential counts) rather than using cumulative counts as in ISO 4406. Although there is no guidance given in the standard on how to quote the levels, most industrial users quote a single code which is the highest recorded in all sizes and this convention is used on MP Filtri APC's.

The contamination classes are defined by a number (from 00 to 12) which indicates the maximum number of particles per 100 ml, counted on a differential basis, in a given size bracket.

Size Range Classes (in microns)

	Maximum Contamination Limits per 100 ml						
Class	5-15	15-25	25-50	50-100	>100		
00	125	22	4	1	0		
0	250	44	8	2	0		
1	500	89	16	3	1		
2	1 000	178	32	6	1		
3	2 000	356	63	11	2		
4	4 000	712	126	22	4		
5	8 000	1 425	253	45	8		
6	16 000	2 850	506	90	16		
7	32 000	5 700	1 012	180	32		
8	64 000	11 400	2 025	360	64		
9	128 000	22 800	4 050	720	128		
10	256 000	45 600	8 100	1 440	256		
11	512 000	91 200	16 200	2 880	512		
12	1 024 000	182 400	32 400	5 760	1 024		

5-15 μm = 42 000 particles 15-25 μm = 2 200 particles 25-50 μm = 150 particles 50-100 μm = 18 particles > 100 μm = 3 particles Class NAS 8

#### - CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF THE PARTICLES SIZE - ISO 4407

The level of contamination is defined by counting the number of particles collected by a laboratory membrane per unit of fluid volume. The measurement is done by a microscope. The membrane must be cleaned, dried and desiccated, with fluid and conditions defined by the Standard. The fluid volume is filtered through the membrane, using a suitable suction system.

The level of contamination is identified by dividing the membrane into a predefined number of areas and by counting the contaminant particles using a suitable laboratory microscope.

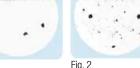
MICROSCOPE CONTROL AND MEASUREMENT



Example figure 1 and 2

COMPARISON PHOTOGRAPH'S 1 graduation = 10um





For other comparison photographs for contamination classes see the "Fluid Condition and Filtration Handbook".



#### - CLEANLINESS CODE COMPARISON

Although ISO 4406 standard is being used extensively within the hydraulics industry other standards are occasionally required and a comparison may be requested. The table below gives a very general comparison but often no direct comparison is possible due to the different classes and sizes involved.

ISO 4406	SAE AS4059 Table 2	SAE AS4059 Table 1	NAS 1638
> 4 μm <sub>(c)</sub> 6 μm <sub>(c)</sub> 14 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	> 4 μm <sub>(c)</sub> 6 μm <sub>(c)</sub> 14 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	4-6 6-14 14-21 21-38 38-70 >70	5-15 15-25 25-50 50-100 >100
23 / 21 / 18	13A / 12B / 12C	12	12
22 / 20 / 17	12A / 11B / 11C	11	11
21 / 19 / 16	11A / 10B / 10C	10	10
20 / 18 / 15	10A / 9B / 9B	9	9
19 / 17 / 14	9A / 8B / 8C	8	8
18 / 16 / 13	8A / 7B / 7C	7	7
17 / 15 / 12	7A / 6B / 6C	6	6
16 / 14 / 11	6A / 5B / 5C	5	5
15 / 13 / 10	5A / 4B / 4C	4	4
14 / 12 / 09	4A / 3B / 3C	3	3



Various mechanisms such as mechanical stoppage, magnetism, gravimetric deposit, or centrifugal separation can be used to reduce the level of contamination.

The mechanical stoppage method is most effective and can take place in two ways:

#### - SURFACE FILTRATION

It is by direct interception. The filter prevents particles larger than the pores from continuing in the plant / system. Surface filters are generally manufactured with metal canvases or meshes.

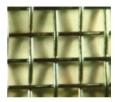
#### - DEPTH FILTERING

Filters are constructed by fiber interlacing. Such wraps form pathways of different shapes and sizes in which the particles remain trapped when they find smaller apertures than their diameter.

Depth filters are generally produced with papers impregnated with phenolic resins, metal fibers or inorganic fibers.

In inorganic fiber filtration, commonly called microfibre, the filtering layers are often overlapped in order to increase the ability to retain the contaminant.

#### WIRE MESH FILTRATION PA

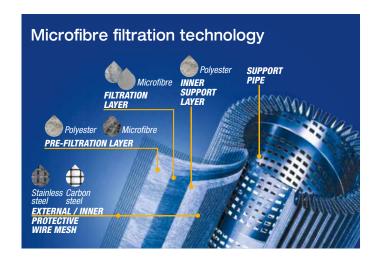






MICROFIBER FILTRATION





The filtration efficiency of metallic mesh filtrations is defined as the maximum particle size that can pass through the meshes of the filtering grid.

The efficiency of microfibre and paper filtration  $(\mathcal{B}_{x(c)})$  is defined through a lab test called Multipass Test. The efficiency value  $(\mathcal{B}_{x(c)})$  is defined as the ratio between the number of particles of certain dimensions detected upstream and downstream of the filter.

Upstream particles number  $> X \mu m_{(c)}$ 

Downstream particles number  $> X \mu m_{(c)}$ 



Value $(B_{x(c)})$	2	10	75	100	200	1000
Efficiency	50%	90%	98.7%	99%	99.5%	99.9%

Test conditions, such as type of fluid to be used (MIL-H-5606), type of contaminant to be used (ISO MTD), fluid viscosity, test temperature, are determined by ISO 16889

In addition to the filtration efficiency value during the Multipass test, other important features, such as filtration stability ( $\beta$  stability) and dirt holding capacity (DHC), are also tested.

Poor filtration stability is the cause of the filtering quality worsening as the filter life rises. Low dirt holding capacity causes a reduction in the life of the filter.

Filtration ISO Standard Comparison								
$B_{X(C)} > 1000$	$\beta_{\rm X} > 200$	MP Filtri						
IŠÓ 16889	ISO 4572	Filter media code						
5 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	3 μm	A03						
7 μm <sub>(C)</sub>	6 μm	A06						
10 μm <sub>(C)</sub>	10 μm	A10						
16 μm <sub>(C)</sub>	18 µm	A16						
21 μm <sub>(c)</sub>	25 μm	A25						

#### (6) RECOMMENDED CONTAMINATION CLASSES

Any are the nature and the properties of fluids, they are inevitably subject to contamination. The level of contamination can be managed by using special components called filters.

Hydraulic components builders, knowing the problem of contamination, recommend the filtration level appropriate to the use of their products.

Example of recommended contamination levels for pressures below 140 bar.

Dietan numana						
Piston pumps	•					
with fixed flow rate	_					
Piston pumps			•			
with variable flow rate						
Vane pumps						
with fixed flow rate		•				
Vane pumps						
with variable flow			•			
Engines	•					
Hydraulic cylinders	•					
Actuators					•	
Test benches						•
Check valve	•					
Directional valves	•					
Flow regulating valves	•					
Proportional valves				•		
Servo-valves					•	
Flat bearings			•			
Ball bearings				•		
ISO 4406 CODE	20/18/15	19/17/14	18/16/13	17/15/12	16/14/11	15/13/10
Recommended	B <sub>21(c)</sub>	B <sub>15(c)</sub>	B <sub>10(c)</sub>	B7(c)	B7(c)	B <sub>5(c)</sub>
filtration $\beta x(c) \ge 1.000$	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000
MP Filtri media code	A25	A16	A10	A06	A06	A03

The common classification of filters is determined by their position in the plant.

#### 7 TYPES OF FILTERS

#### **Suction filters**

They are positioned before the pump and are responsible for protecting the pump from dirty contaminants. It also provides additional flow guidance to the pump suction line

Being subject to negligible working pressures are manufactured with simple and lightweight construction.

They are mainly produced with gross grade surface filtrations, mainly  $60 \div 125 \,\mu m$ . They can be equipped with a magnetic filter for retaining ferrous particles.

They are generally placed under the fluid head to take advantage of the piezometric thrust of the fluid and reduce the risk of cavitation.

There are two types of suction filters:

- IMMERSION FILTERS
  - Simple filter element screwed on the suction pipe
- FILTERS WITH CONTAINER
  - Container filters that are more bulky, but provide easier maintenance of the tank

#### **Delivery (or Pressure) filters**

They are positioned between the pump and most sensitive regulating and controlling components, such as servo valves or proportional valves, and are designed to ensure the class of contamination required by the components used in the circuit.

Being subjected to high working pressures are manufactured with more robust and articulated construction. In particular situations of corrosive environments or aggressive fluids can be made of stainless steel.

They are mainly produced with filtering depths of  $3 \div 25 \,\mu\text{m}$ .

They can be manufactured with in-line connections, with plate or flange connections or directly integrated into the circuit control blocks / manifolds. They can also be manufactured in duplex configuration to allow the contaminated section to be maintained even when the plant / system is in operation without interruption of the working cycle.

#### **Return filters**

They are positioned on the return line to the tank and perform the task of filtering the fluid from particles entering the system from the outside or generated by the wear of the components.

They are generally fixed to the reservoir (for this reason also called top tank mounted), positioned semi-immersed or completely immersed.

The positioning of the return filters must guarantee in all operating conditions that the fluid drainage takes place in immersed condition; this is to avoid creating foams in the tank that can cause malfunctions or cavitation in the pumps.

For the sizing of the return filters, account must be taken of the presence of accumulators or cylinders that can make the return flow considerably greater than the pump suction flow rate.

Being subject to contained working pressures are manufactured with simple and lightweight construction.

Normally it is possible to extract the filter element without disconnecting the filter from the rest of the system.

#### **Combined filters**

They are designed to be applied to systems with two or more circuits. They are commonly used in hydrostatic transmission machines where they have a dual filtration function of the return line and suction line of the hydrostatic transmission pump.

The filter is equipped with a valve that keeps the 0.5 bar pressure inside the filter. A portion of the fluid that returns to the tank is filtered by the return filter element, generally produced with absolute filtration, and returns to the transmission booster pump.

Only excess fluid returns to the tank through the valve.

The internal pressure of the filter and the absolute filtration help to avoid the cavitation phenomenon inside the pump.

#### **Off-line filters**

They are generally used in very large systems / plants, placed in a closed circuit independent from the main circuit. They remain in operation regardless of the operation of the main circuit and are crossed by a constant flow rate.

They can also be manufactured in duplex configuration to allow the contaminated section to be maintained even when the unit is in operation without interruption of the work cycle.

#### **Venting filters**

During the operation of the plants, the fluid level present in the reservoir changes continuously.

The result of this continuous fluctuation is an exchange of air with the outside environment.

The venting filter function, positioned on the tank, is to filter the air that enters the tank to compensate for fluid level variations.



#### 8 FILTER SIZING PARAMETERS

The choice of the filter system for an hydraulic system is influenced by several factors.

It is necessary to consider the characteristics of the various components present in the plant and their sensitivity to contamination.

It is also necessary to consider all the tasks that the filter will have to do within the plant:

- FLUID PROTECTION FROM CONTAMINATION
- PROTECTION OF OLEODYNAMIC COMPONENTS SENSITIVE TO CONTAMINATION
- PROTECTION OF OLEODYNAMIC PLANTS FROM ENVIRONMENTAL WASTE
- PROTECTION OF OLEODYNAMIC PLANTS FROM CONTAMINATION CAUSED BY COMPONENTS' FAILURES

The advantages of proper positioning and sizing of the filters are

- MORE RELIABILITY OF THE SYSTEM
- LONGER LIFE OF THE FLUID COMPONENTS
- REDUCTION OF STOP TIME
- REDUCTION OF FAILURE CASUALITIES

Each hydraulic filter is described by general features that identify the possibility of use in different applications.

#### • MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE (Pmax)

The maximum working pressure of the filter must be greater than or equal to the pressure of the circuit section in which it will be installed.

#### PRESSURE DROP (ΔP)

The pressure drop depends on a number of factors, such as the working circuit temperature, the fluid viscosity, the filter element cleaning condition.

#### WORKING TEMPERATURE (T)

The working temperature deeply affect the choice of materials. Excessively high or low temperatures may adversely affect the strength of the materials or the characteristics of the seals.

#### • FILTRATION EFFICIENCY (%) / FILTRATION RATIO (β<sub>x(c)</sub>)

Filtration efficiency is the most important parameter to consider when selecting a filter.

When choosing the filtration performances, the needs of the most sensitive components in the system must be considered.

#### FLUID TYPE

The type of fluid influences the choice of filters in terms of compatibility and viscosity. It is always mandatory to check the filterability.

#### PLACEMENT IN THE PLANT

The position of the filter in the system conditions the efficiency of all filter performances.

#### 9 APPLICABLE STANDARDS FOR FILTER DEVELOPMENT

In order to obtain unique criteria for development and verification of the filters performance, specific regulations for the filters and filter elements testing have been issued by ISO. These norms describe the target, the methodology, the conditions and the presentation methods for the test results.

#### ISO 2941

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filter elements -- Verification of collapse/burst pressure rating

This Standard describes the method for testing the collapse / burst resistance of the filter elements.

The test is performed by crossing the contaminated fluid filter element at a predefined flow rate. The progressive clogging of the filter element, determined by contamination, causes an increase in differential pressure.

#### ISO 2942

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filter elements -- Verification of fabrication integrity and determination of the first bubble point

This Standard describes the method to verify the integrity of the assembled filter elements.

It can be used to verify the quality of the production process or the quality of the materials by verifying the pressure value of the first bubble point.

#### ISO 2943

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filter elements -- Verification of material compatibility with fluids

This Standard describes the method to verify the compatibility of materials with certain hydraulic fluids.

The test is carried out by keeping the element (the material sample) immersed in the fluid under high or low temperature conditions for a given period of time and verifying the retention of the characteristics.

#### ISO 3723

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filter elements -- Method for end load test

This Standard describes the method for verifying the axial load resistance of the filter elements.

After performing the procedure described in ISO 2943, the designed axial load is applied to the filter element. To verify the test results, then the test described in ISO 2941 is performed.

#### ISO 3968

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filters -- Evaluation of differential pressure versus flow characteristics

This Standard describes the method for checking the pressure drop across the filter.

The test is carried out by crossing the filter from a given fluid and by detecting upstream and downstream pressures.

Some of the parameters defined by the Standard are the fluid, the test temperature, the size of the tubes, the position of the pressure detection points.

#### ISO 16889

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filters -- Multi-pass method for evaluating filtration performance of a filter element

This Standard describes the method to check the filtration characteristics of the filter elements.

The test is performed by constant introduction of contaminant (ISO MTD). The characteristics observed during the test are the filtration efficiency and the dirty holding capacity related to the differential pressure.



18

#### ISO 23181

Hydraulic fluid power -- Filter elements -- Determination of resistance to flow fatigue using high viscosity fluid

This Standard describes the method for testing the fatigue resistance of the filter elements. The test is carried out by subjecting the filter to continuous flow variations, thus differential pressure, using a high viscosity fluid.

#### ISO 11170

Hydraulic fluid power -- Sequence of tests for verifying performance characteristics of filter elements

The Standard describes the method for testing the performance of filter elements. The protocol described by the regulations provides the sequence of all the tests described above in order to verify all the working characteristics (mechanical, hydraulic and filtration).

#### ISO 10771-1

Hydraulic fluid power -- Fatigue pressure testing of metal pressure-containing envelopes -- Test method

This Standard describes the method to check the resistance of the hydraulic components with pulsing pressure.

It can be applied to all metal components (excluding tubes) subject to cyclic pressure used in the hydraulic field.

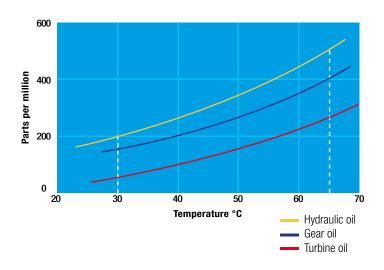
#### (10) WATER IN HYDRAULIC AND LUBRICATING FLUIDS

#### **Water Content**

In mineral oils and non aqueous resistant fluids water is undesirable. Mineral oil usually has a water content of 50-300 ppm (@40°C) which it can support without adverse consequences.

Once the water content exceeds about 300ppm the oil starts to appear hazy. Above this level there is a danger of free water accumulating in the system in areas of low flow. This can lead to corrosion and accelerated wear.

Similarly, fire resistant fluids have a natural water which may be different to mineral oil.



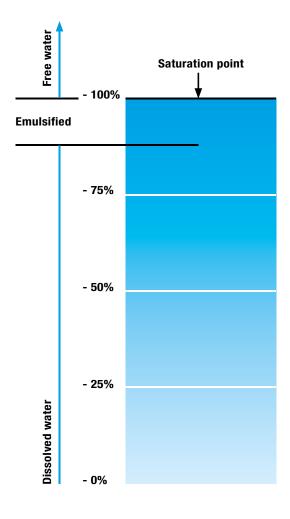
#### **Saturation Levels**

Since the effects of free (also emulsified) water is more harmful than those of dissolved water, water levels should remain well below the saturation point.

However, even water in solution can cause damage and therefore every reasonable effort should be made to keep saturation levels as low as possible. There is no such thing as too little water. As a guideline, we recommend maintaining saturation levels below 50% in all equipment.

TYPICAL WATER SATURATION LEVEL FOR NEW OILS Examples:

Hydraulic oil @  $30^{\circ}$ C = 200 ppm = 100% saturation Hydraulic oil @  $65^{\circ}$ C = 500 ppm = 100% saturation



#### Water absorber

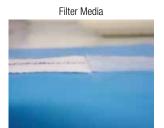
Water is present everywhere, during storage, handling and servicing.

MP Filtri filter elements feature an absorbent media which protects hydraulic systems from both particulate and water contamination.

MP Filtri's filter element technology is available with inorganic microfiber media with a filtration rating 25  $\mu$ m (therefore identified with media designation WA025), providing absolute filtration of solid particles to  $\mathcal{B}_{x(c)}=1000$ .

Absorbent media is made by water absorbent fibres which increase in size during the absorption process.

Free water is thus bonded to the filter media and completely removed from the system (it cannot even be squeezed out).

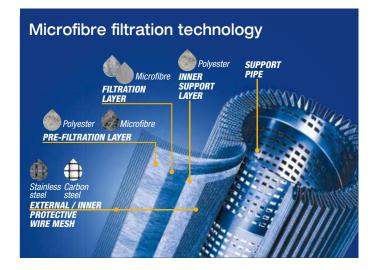




Absorber media layer

Fabric that absorbs water

The Filter Media has absorbed water



By removing water from your fluid power system, you can prevent such key problems as:

- corrosion (metal etching)
- loss of lubricant power
- accelerated abrasive wear in hydraulic components
- valve-locking
- bearing fatigue
- viscosity variance (reduction in lubricating properties)
- additive precipitation and oil oxidation
- increase in acidity level
- increased electrical conductivity (loss of dielectric strength)
- slow/weak response of control systems

#### **Product availability:**

LOW & MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS - LMP Series

LMP 210 LMP 900 LMP 211 LMP 901 LMP 400 LMP 902 LMP 401 LMP 903 LMP 430 LMP 950

#### (11) THE ANTI-STATIC FILTERS

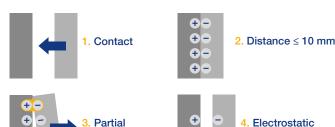
# zerospark+®

zerospark is a specialist solution designed to solve the problem of electrostatic discharge inside hydraulic filters. Caused by the electrical charge build-up due to the passage of oil through the filters, this can result in damage to filter elements, oils and circuit components. It can even cause fire hazards in environments where flammable materials are present.

#### THE TRIBOELECTRIC EFFECT

The body with the most electronegativity strips electrons from the other, generating a build-up of a net negative charge on itself. The other body is charged by the same amount but with the opposite sign, giving rise to very high potential differences. These, if not dissipated, can give rise to electrostatic discharges.

charged bodies





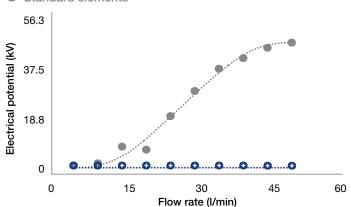
charge balancing

#### DISSIPATIVE FILTER ELEMENTS

To solve the problem of charge build-up in filters, MP Filtri has developed an innovative solution. By replacing certain insulating components with conductive zerospark versions, the charges on the media are free to move towards the head and are thus dissipated to the ground.

#### Dissipative elements

Standard elements



Under standard working conditions, the potential goes from tens of kV to zero, clearly showing the effectiveness of our dissipative filters.



The following table summarises some examples of test results at the same flow rate and temperature for elements of the same size but made of different materials.

Filter element	Electrical potential (kV)	Current (µA)
Standard glass microfibre	11	-6.0
Dissipative glass microfibr	e 0	-9.0
Standard cellulose	6	-1.3
Dissipative cellulose	0	-2.1
Other glass microfibre	9-15	-7.0
Other glass microfibre	3-8	-16.0

When using a synthetic oil instead of mineral oil, the values and sign of the two electrical quantities may vary.

	Mineral oil	Synthetic oil
Filter element	Electrical p	otential (kV)
Standard glass microfibre	+11	+30
Dissipative glass microfibre	0	~0.0
Standard cellulose	+6	-43
Dissipative cellulose	0	~0.0



# FILTER SIZING

#### **INDEX**

	raye
CALCULATION	23
CORRECTIVE FACTOR	24



22

# THE CORRECT FILTER SIZING HAS TO BE BASED ON THE TOTAL PRESSURE DROP DEPENDING BY THE APPLICATION.

FOR EXAMPLE, THE MAXIMUM TOTAL PRESSURE DROP ALLOWED BY A NEW AND CLEAN RETURN FILTER HAVE TO BE IN THE RANGE 0.4 - 0.6 bar / 5.80 - 8.70 psi.

The pressure drop calculation is performed by adding together the value of the housing with the value of the filter element. The pressure drop  $\Delta pc$  of the housing is proportional to the fluid density (kg/dm³/lb/ft³).

The filter element pressure drop  $\Delta pe$  is proportional to its viscosity (mm<sup>2</sup>/s / SUS), the corrective factor Y have to be used in case of an oil viscosity different than 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) / 150 SUS.

Sizing data for single filter element, head at top

 $\Delta pc$  = Filter housing pressure drop [bar / psi]

 $\Delta pe$  = Filter element pressure drop [bar / psi]

 $\mathbf{Y}=$  Corrective factor  $\mathbf{Y}$  (see correspondent table), depending on the filter type, on the filter element size, on the filter element length and on the filter media

**Q** = flow rate (I/min - gpm)

V1 reference oil viscosity = 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) /150 SUS

V2 = operating oil viscosity in mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) / SUS

Filter element pressure drop calculation with an oil viscosity different than 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) / 150 SUS

International system:

 $\Delta pe = Y : 1000 \times Q \times (V2:V1)$ 

Impe rial system:

 $\Delta pe = Y : 17.2 \times Q \times (V2:V1)$ 

 $\Delta p$  Tot. =  $\Delta pc + \Delta pe$ 

**Verification formula** 

 $\Delta p$  Tot.  $\leq \Delta p$  max allowed

# Maximum total pressure drop ( $\Delta p$ max) allowed by a new and clean filter

Application F	Range:[ bar ]	[psi]	
Suction filters	0.08 - 0.10 bar	1.16 - 1.45 psi	
Return filters	0.4 - 0.6 bar	5.80 - 8.70 psi	
Return - Suction filt	ters (*) 0.8 - 1.0 bar	11.60 - 14.50 p	si
	0.4 - 0.6 bar	5.80 - 8.70 psi	return lines
Low & Medium	0.3 - 0.5 bar	4.35 - 7.25 psi	lubrication lines
Pressure filters	0.3 - 0.4 bar	4.35 - 5.80 psi	off-line in power systems
i icasure inters	0.1 - 0.3 bar	1.45 - 4.35 psi	off-line in test benches
	0.4 - 0.6 bar	5.80 - 8.7 psi	over-boost
High Pressure filter	s 0.8 - 1.5 bar	11.60 - 21.75 p	si
Stainless Steel filte	rs 0.8 - 1.5 bar	11.60 - 21.75 p	si

(\*) The suction flow rate should not exceed 30% of the return flow rate

#### Generic filter calculation example

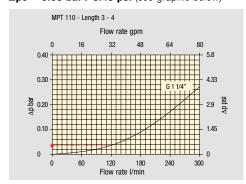
Application data:
Tank top return filter
Pressure Pmax = 10 bar
Flow rate Q = 120 l/min
Viscosity V2 = 46 mm²/s (cSt)
Oil density = 0.86 kg/dm³

Required filtration efficiency =  $25 \mu m$  with absolute filtration

With bypass valve and G 1 1/4" inlet connection

#### Calculation:

 $\Delta pc = 0.03 \text{ bar / } 0.43 \text{ psi (see graphic below)}$ 



Filter housings Δp pressure drop. The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm³ in compliance with ISO 3968. Δp varies proportionally with density.

 $\Delta pe = (2.00: 1000) \times 120 \times (46: 30) = 0.37 \text{ bar}$  $\Delta pe = (2.00: 17.2) \times 32 \times (216: 150) = 5.36 \text{ psi}$ 

Filter element			Abso	<b>lute filt</b> ı H Series	ration			i <b>nal filtr</b> N Series	
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	P10	P25	M25 M60 M90
Return filter	rs								
		74.00	50.08	20.00	16.00	9.00	6.43	5.51	4.40
MF 020	2	29.20	24.12	8.00	7.22	5.00	3.33	2.85	2.00
020	3	22.00	19.00	6.56	5.33	4.33	1.68	1.44	1.30
MF 030 MFX 030	1	74.00	50.08	20.00	16.00	9.00	6.43	5.51	3.40
	1	28.20	24.40	8.67	8.17	6.88	4.62	3.96	1.25
MF 100	2	17.33	12.50	6.86	5.70	4.00	3.05	2.47	1.10
MFX 100	3	10.25	9.00	3.65	3.33	2.50	1.63	1.32	0.96
	4	6.10	5.40	2.30	2.20	2.00	1.19	0.96	0.82

 $\Delta p$  Tot. = 0.03 + 0.37 = 0.4 bar  $\Delta p$  Tot. = 0.43 + 5.36 = 5.79 psi

The selection is correct because the total pressure drop value is inside the admissible range for top tank return filters.

In case the allowed max total pressure drop is not verified, it is necessary to repeat the calculation changing the filter length/size.

# FILTER SIZING Corrective factor

Corrective factor Y to be used for the filter element pressure drop calculation. The values depend to the filter size and length and to the filter media. Reference oil viscosity  $30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

#### **Return filters**

Filter elemen			Abso	<b>lute filtr</b> 4 Series	ation			<b>inal filtra</b> N Series	ation
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	P10	P25	M25 M60 M90
MF 020	1 2 3	74.00 29.20 22.00	50.08 24.12 19.00	20.00 8.00 6.56	16.00 7.22 5.33	9.00 5.00 4.33	6.43 3.33 1.68	5.51 2.85 1.44	4.40 2.00 1.30
MF 030 MFX 030	11	74.00	50.08	20.00	16.00	9.00	6.43	5.51	3.40
MF 100 MFX 100	1 2 3 4	28.20 17.33 10.25 6.10	24.40 12.50 9.00 5.40	8.67 6.86 3.65 2.30	8.17 5.70 3.33 2.20	6.88 4.00 2.50 2.00	4.62 3.05 1.63 1.19	3.96 2.47 1.32 0.96	1.25 1.10 0.96 0.82
MF 180 MFX 180	1 2	3.67 1.69	3.05 1.37	1.64 0.68	1.56 0.54	1.24 0.51	1.18 0.43	1.06 0.39	0.26 0.12
MF 190 MFX 190	<sup> 2</sup>	1.69	1.37	0.60	0.49	0.44	0.35	0.31	0.11
MF 400 MFX 400	1 2 3	3.20 2.00 1.90	2.75 1.87 1.60	1.39 0.88 0.63	1.33 0.85 0.51	1.06 0.55 0.49	0.96 0.49 0.39	0.87 0.45 0.35	0.22 0.13 0.11
MF 750 MFX 750	1	1.08	0.84	0.49	0.36	0.26	0.21	0.19	0.06
MLX 250	12	3.00	3.04	1.46	1.25	1.17	-	-	M25 0.20 M25
MLX 660	) 2	1.29	1.26	0.52	0.44	0.38	-	-	0.10
CU 025		78.00	48.00	28.00	24.00	9.33	9.33	8.51	1.25
CU 040		25.88	20.88	10.44	10.00	3.78	3.78	3.30	1.25
CU 100		15.20	14.53	5.14	4.95	2.00	2.00	0.17	1.10
CU 250		3.25	2.55	1.55	1.35	0.71	0.71	0.59	0.25
CU 630		1.96	1.68	0.85	0.72	0.42	0.42	0.36	0.09
CU 850		1.06	0.84	0.42	0.33	0.17	0.17	0.13	0.04
DH 250	2	3.61 2.10	4.08 1.70	1.81 1.14	1.71 0.77	1.35 0.53	-	-	0.55 0.60
MR 100	1 2 3 4 5	19.00 11.70 7.80 5.50 4.20	17.00 10.80 6.87 4.97 3.84	6.90 4.40 3.70 2.60 2.36	6.30 4.30 3.10 2.40 2.15	4.60 3.00 2.70 2.18 1.90	2.94 2.94 2.14 1.72 1.60	2.52 2.52 1.84 1.47 1.37	1.60 1.37 1.34 1.34 1.34
MR 250	1 2 3 4	5.35 4.00 2.60 1.84	4.85 3.28 2.20 1.56	2.32 1.44 1.08 0.68	1.92 1.10 1.00 0.56	1.50 1.07 0.86 0.44	1.38 0.96 0.77 0.37	1.20 0.83 0.64 0.23	0.15 0.13 0.12 0.11
MR 630	1 2 3 4 5	3.10 2.06 1.48 1.30 0.74	2.48 1.92 1.30 1.20 0.65	1.32 0.82 0.60 0.48 0.30	1.14 0.76 0.56 0.40 0.28	0.92 0.38 0.26 0.25 0.13	0.83 0.33 0.22 0.21 0.10	0.73 0.27 0.17 0.16 0.08	0.09 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.04
MR 850	1 2 3 4	0.60 0.37 0.27 0.23	0.43 0.26 0.18 0.16	0.34 0.23 0.17 0.13	0.25 0.21 0.17 0.12	0.13 0.11 0.05 0.04	0.12 0.08 0.04 0.03	0.09 0.07 0.04 0.03	0.03 0.03 0.02 0.02

#### **Return / Suction filters**

Filter element		Absolute filtration						
Туре	A10	A16	A25					
RSX 116 2	5.12 2.22	4.33 1.87	3.85 1.22					
RSX 165 RSX 166		1.75 1.05 0.86	1.46 0.96 0.61					

Filter eleme	nt	Absolute filtration N Series							
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	P10	P25	M25 M60 M90
CU 110	1 2 3	16.25 12.62 8.57	15.16 10.44 7.95	8.75 6.11 5.07	8.14 6.02 4.07	5.87 4.16 2.40	2.86 1.60 1.24	2.65 1.49 1.15	0.14 0.12 0.11
	4	5.76	4.05	2.80	2.36	1.14	0.91	0.85	0.05

### Low & Medium pressure filters

Filter eleme	ent			<b>lute filt</b> i -W Serie				i <b>nal filtr</b> N Series	
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	P10	P25	M25
CU 110	1 2 3 4	16.25 12.62 8.57 5.76	15.16 10.44 7.95 4.05	8.75 6.11 5.07 2.80	8.14 6.02 4.07 2.36	5.87 4.15 2.40 1.14	2.86 1.60 1.24 0.91	2.65 1.49 1.15 0.85	0.14 0.12 0.11 0.05
CU 210	1 2 3	5.30 3.44 2.40	4.80 2.95 1.70	2.00 1.24 0.94	1.66 1.09 0.84	1.32 0.70 0.54	0.56 0.42 0.33	0.43 0.35 0.23	0.12 0.09 0.05
DN (	016 025 040	7.95 5.00 3.13	7.20 4.53 2.66	3.00 1.89 1.12	2.49 1.57 0.98	1.98 1.25 0.63	0.84 0.53 0.38	0.65 0.41 0.32	0.18 0.11 0.08
CU 400	2 3 4 5 6	3.13 2.15 1.60 1.00 0.82	2.55 1.70 1.28 0.83 0.58	1.46 0.94 0.71 0.47 0.30	1.22 0.78 0.61 0.34 0.27	0.78 0.50 0.40 0.20 0.17	0.75 0.40 0.34 0.24 0.22	0.64 0.34 0.27 0.19 0.18	0.19 0.10 0.08 0.06 0.05
CU 900	1	0.86	0.63	0.32	0.30	0.21	-	-	0.05
CU 950	3	1.03 0.44	0.80 0.40	0.59 0.27	0.40 0.18	0.26 0.15	-	-	0.05
MR 630	7	0.88	0.78	0.36	0.34	0.16	0.12	0.96	0.47

Corrective factor Y to be used for the filter element pressure drop calculation. The values depend to the filter size and length and to the filter media. Reference oil viscosity  $30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

#### **High pressure filters**

Filter element			Nominal filtration N Series				
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	M25
	1	332.71	250.07	184.32	152.36	128.36	-
UD 011	2	220.28	165.56	74.08	59.13	37.05	-
HF UII	3	123.24	92.68	41.48	33.08	20.72	-
	4	77.76	58.52	28.37	22.67	16.17	-
	2	70.66	53.20	25.77	20.57	14.67	4.90
HP 039	3	36.57	32.28	18.00	13.38	8.00	2.90
HP 050	4	26.57	23.27	12.46	8.80	5.58	2.20
	1	31.75	30.30	13.16	12.3	7.29	1.60
	2	24.25	21.26	11.70	9.09	4.90	1.40
HP 050	3	17.37	16.25	8.90	7.18	3.63	1.25
	4	12.12	10.75	6.10	5.75	3.08	1.07
Type	5	7.00	6.56	3.60	3.10	2.25	0.80
	1	58.50	43.46	23.16	19.66	10.71	1.28
HP 011   1   2   3   4   4   5   6   6   6   6   6   6   6   6   6	2	42.60	25.64	16.22	13.88	7.32	1.11
	3	20.50	15.88	8.18	6.81	3.91	0.58
		20.33	18.80	9.71	8.66	4.78	2.78
HP 135		11.14	10.16	6.60	6.38	2.22	1.11
	3	6.48	6.33	3.38	3.16	2.14	1.01
		17.53	15.91	7.48	6.96	5.94	1.07
HP 150		8.60	8.37	3.54	3.38	3.15	0.58
	3	6.53	5.90	2.93	2.79	2.12	0.49
	1	10.88	9.73	5.02	3.73	2.54	1.04
HD 320		4.40	3.83	1.75	1.48	0.88	0.71
111 320		2.75	2.11	1.05	0.87	0.77	0.61
	4	2.12	1.77	0.98	0.78	0.55	0.47
	1	4.44	3.67	2.30	2.10	1.65	0.15
	2	3.37	2.77	1.78	1.68	1.24	0.10
HP 320	3	2.22	1.98	1.11	1.09	0.75	0.08
	4	1.81	1.33	0.93	0.86	0.68	0.05
	5	1.33	1.15	0.77	0.68	0.48	0.04
	nt_				l <b>ute filtrati</b> N Series	on	
		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25	M25
	1	3.65	2.95	2.80	1.80	0.90	0.38

## Suction filters

2.03

1.84

1.73

1.42

**HF 325** 2 3

Filter element         Nominal filtration N Series           Type         P10         P25         M25         M60         M90         M250           SF 250         0.65         0.20         0.10         0.08         0.05         0.03           SF 503         —         —         0.17         0.11         0.11         0.11           SF 504         —         —         0.11         0.08         0.08         0.08           SF 505         —         —         0.23         0.18         0.18         0.18           SF 510         —         —         0.18         0.14         0.14         0.14												
Туре	P10	P25	M25	M60	M90	M250						
SF 250	0.65	0.20	0.10	0.08	0.05	0.03						
SF 503	-	-	0.17	0.11	0.11	0.11						
SF 504	_	_	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.08						
SF 505	-	-	0.23	0.18	0.18	0.18						
SF 510	-	_	0.18	0.14	0.14	0.14						
SF 535	-	-	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.05						
SF 540	_	_	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04						

1.61

1.32

1.35

1.22

0.85

0.80

# Stainless steel high pressure filters and Filters for potentially explosive atmosphere

File About to City of													
Filter element		<b>Absolute filtration</b> N Series											
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25							
HP 011	1 2 3 4	332.71 220.28 123.24 77.76	250.07 165.56 92.68 58.52	184.32 74.08 41.48 28.37	152.36 59.13 33.08 22.67	128.36 37.05 20.72 16.17							
HP 039	3 4	70.66 36.57 26.57	53.20 32.28 23.27	25.77 18.00 12.46	20.57 13.38 8.80	14.67 8.00 5.58							
HP 050 HPX 050	1 2 3 4 5	31.75 24.25 17.37 12.12 7.00	30.30 21.26 16.25 10.75 6.56	13.16 11.70 8.90 6.10 3.60	12.3 9.09 7.18 5.75 3.10	7.29 4.90 3.63 3.08 2.25							
HP 135	1 2 3	20.33 11.14 6.48	18.80 10.16 6.33	9.71 6.60 3.38	8.66 6.38 3.16	4.78 2.22 2.14							

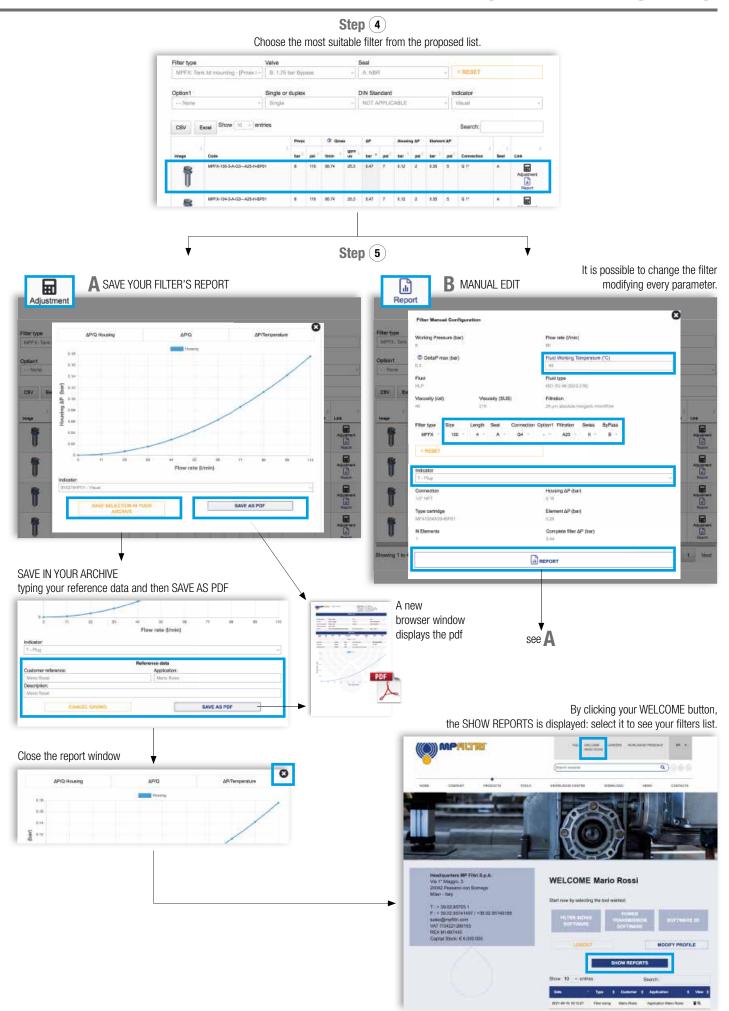
Filter element		<b>Absolute filtration</b> H - U Series										
Туре		A03	A06	A10	A16	A25						
	1	424.58	319.74	235.17	194.44	163.78						
HP 011	2	281.06	211.25	94.53	75.45	47.26						
011	3	130.14	97.50	43.63	34.82	21.81						
	4	109.39	82.25	36.79	29.37	18.40						
	2	73.00	57.00	28.00	24.00	17.20						
HP 039	3	40.90	36.33	21.88	18.80	11.20						
HP 039	4	31.50	28.22	17.22	9.30	6.70						
	1	47.33	34.25	21.50	20.50	14.71						
HP 050	2	29.10	25.95	14.04	10.90	5.88						
HPX 050	3	20.85	19.50	10.68	8.61	4.36						
111 X 050	4	14.55	12.90	7.32	6.90	3.69						
	5	9.86	9.34	6.40	4.80	2.50						
		00.40	05.00	40.00	10.17	F 00						
UD 405	1	29.16	25.33	13.00	12.47	5.92						
HP 135	2	14.28	11.04	7.86	7.60	4.44						
	3	8.96	7.46	4.89	4.16	3.07						

0.36

0.35

# YPICAL FILTER SIZING Selection Software





Suction filters are used as safety filters to protect pumps from gross contamination which can cause them to grip.

They are available in 2 styles:

- Suction Strainer (STR, MPA, MPM)
- SF2 external filters, for mounting semi-immersed under the oil level

SF2 semi-immersed filters, which shut-off oil flow while the filter element is being replaced, replace the butterfly valves usually used for servicing hydraulic pumps.



For the proper corrective factor Y see chapter at page 25





# Suction filters



STR & MPA - MPM	page 31
SFEX	38
SF2 250 - 350	49
SF2 500	57
INDICATORS	679



# STR & MPA - MPM series

Flow rate up to 1000 l/min



# STR & MPA-MPM GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Description

#### Suction filters

#### Flow rate up to 1000 l/min

#### STR

STR is a range of suction strainers for protection of the downstream pump against the coarse contamination.

They are placed below the oil level directly connected to the suction line of the pump.

#### **Available features:**

- -Female threaded connections up to 3", for a maximum flow rate of 1000 l/min
- Bypass valve, to relieve excessive pressure drop across the filter media

#### **Common application:**

- Mobile machines (Construction and Agriculture machines)
- Industrial equipment

#### MPA - MPM

MPA and MPM are ranges of suction strainers for protection of the downstream pump against the coarse contamination.

They are placed below the minimum oil level, directly connected to the suction line of the pump.

The robust design allows the use of these filters in any heavy duty application.

#### **Available features:**

- Female threaded connections up to 3", for a maximum flow rate of 1000  $I/\min$
- Magnetic column (MPM), to hold the ferrous particles

#### **Common application:**

Industrial equipment

#### Quantity

Series and s	ize	pcs/pack
STR	045 - 050	12
STR	065 - 070 - 086 - 100	6
STR	140 - 150	. 1
MPA - MPM	012	12
MPA - MPM	015 - 025 - 030 - 045 - 050 - 075 - 095 - 120 - 150	6
MPA - MPM	180 - 220 - 280 - 300 - 380 - 430	1



#### Technical data

#### **STR** materials

- 1 Connection: Polyamide, GF reinforced
- 2 Core tube: Tinned steel
- 3 Wire mesh
- 4 End cap: Polyamide, GF reinforced
- 5 Bypass valve: Polyamide, GF reinforced Steel

#### **MPA - MPM materials**

- 1 Connection: Aluminium
- 2 Magnetic column
- 3 Tie rod: Galvanized steel
- 4 End cap: Galvanized steel
- **5** Core tube: Galvanized steel
- 6 Filter media: Wire mesh
- 7 Bottom: Galvanized steel
- 8 Washer: Galvanized steel
- 9 Self-locking nut: Galvanized steel Polyamide

#### **Bypass valve**

Opening pressure 30 kPa (0.3 bar)

#### **Elements**

Fluid flow through the filter element from OUT to IN.

#### **Temperature**

From -25 °C to +110 °C

#### Weights [kg]

Filter series	
STR	see page 35
MPA - MPM	see page 37



# GENERAL INFORMATION STR & MPA-MPM

#### FILTER ASSEMBLY SIZING Flow rates [I/min]

Filter series	Thread I/min
	3/8" 19
	1/2" 28
	3/4" 67
	1" 126
STR & MPA - MPM	1 1/4" 167
	1 1/2" 258
	2" 480
	2 1/2" 854
	2" 480
	3" 995

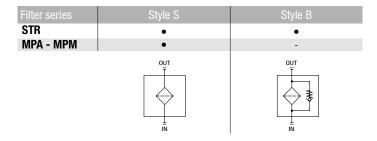
#### Maximum flow rate for a complete suction filter with a pressure drop $\Delta p = 0.08$ bar.

The reference fluid has a kinematic viscosity of 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) and a density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>.

For different pressure drop or fluid viscosity we recommend to use our selection software available on www.mpfiltri.com.

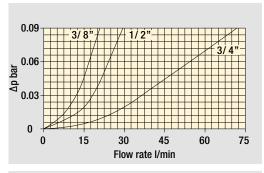
You can also calculate the right size using the formulas present on the FILTER SIZING paragraph at the beginning of the full catalogue or at the beginning of the filter family brochure. Please, contact our Sales Department for further additional information.

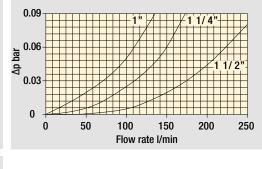
#### Hydraulic symbols

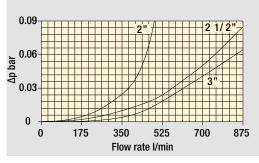


## Pressure drop

Filters pressure drop  $\Delta p$  in function of connection type







The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm³ in compliance with ISO 3968. ∆p varies proportionally with density.

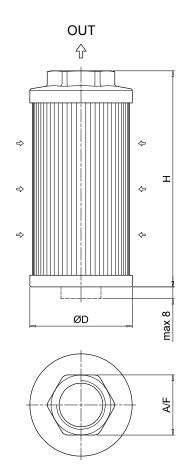


## Designation & Ordering code

								COMPL	ETE FIL	TER								
Serie	s and size									Configuration example 1	: ST	R045	1		В	G1	M60	P01
STRO										Configuration example 2		R100	4	٦ï	S	G2		
STR0	50									ooringuration champic 2	01	11100	Ţ	L	Ť	] _ UZ	IVIZOC	
STR0	65																	
STR0	70																	
STR0																		
STR1																		
STR1																		
STR1	50																	
Leng	th and con	necti	on															
			0 STR065	STR070		STR100												
1		3/8"	1/2"	1/2"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"										
2	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	2"	1 1/4"	2"	2 1/2"										
3	-	-	3/4"	3/4"	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	2"	3"										
4	-	-	1"	1"	2"	2"	2 1/2"	-										
5	-	-	-	-	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	3"	-										
6	-	-	-	1/2"	2"	-	3"	-										
Вура	ss valve																	
S	Without																	
В	With by	pass	0.3 bar															
Threa	ad																	
G1	GAS																	
G2	NPT																	
Filtra	tion rating																	
M25	Wire me		25 µm															
M60	Wire me		60 µm												JE:	xecutio	n	
M90	Wire me	esh	90 μm														n P Filtri sta	ındard
M250	Wire me	esh	250 µm												P	xx Cı	ustomized	







STR						
Size	Length	Thread	ØD [mm]	H [mm]	A/F [mm]	Weight [kg]
045	1 2	3/8" 1/2"	46 46	105 105	30 30	0.15 0.19
050	1 2	3/8" 1/2"	52 52	79 79	30 30	0.11 0.11
065	1 2 3 4	1/2" 3/4" 3/4" 1"	65 65 65 65	110 110 144 144	41 41 41 41	0.19 0.22 0.24 0.22
070	1 2 3 4 6	1/2" 3/4" 3/4" 1" 1/2"	70 70 70 70 70	95 95 141 141 141	41 41 41 41 41	0.18 0.17 0.23 0.22 0.24
086	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 1/2" 2" 1 1/2" 2" 1 1/2" 2"	86 86 86 86 86	143 143 201 201 261 261	69 69 69 69 69	0.33 0.30 0.43 0.40 0.53 0.50
100	1 2 3 4 5	1 1/4" 1 1/4" 1 1/2" 2" 1 1/2"	99 99 99 99	137 227 227 227 227 137	69 69 69 69	0.47 0.58 0.55 0.51 0.43
140	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 1/2" 2" 2" 2 1/2" 3" 3"	130 130 130 130 130 130	160 160 262 272 272 330	69 69 69 101 101	0.70 0.68 0.94 1.10 1.00
150	1 2 3	2" 2 1/2" 3"	150 150 150	150 212 272	70 90 100	0.34 0.37 0.40

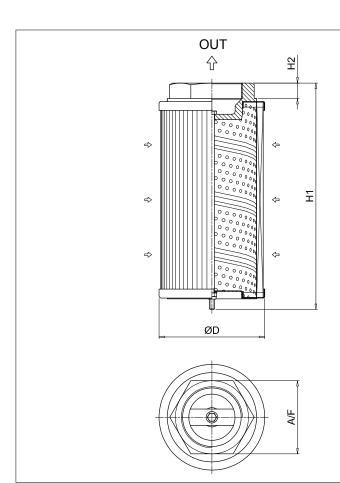




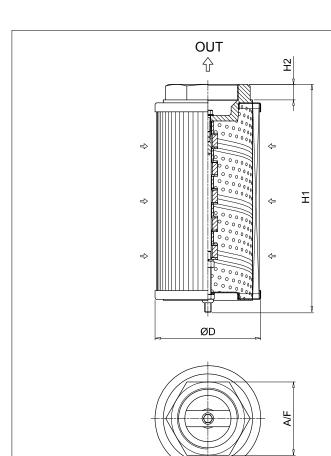
### Designation & Ordering code

			OMPLETE FILTER				
Series				Configuration example 1:	MPA	030 G1	M60 P01
MPA	Without magnetic column			Configuration example 2:	MPM	430 G2	M250 P01
MPM	With magnetic column			Comigaration champio 2.		100   42	
	3						
Conne	ections						
012	3/8"						
015	1/2"						
025	1/2"						
030	3/4"						
045	3/4"						
050	1"						
075	1"						
095	1 1/4"						
120	1 1/4"						
150	1 1/2"						
180	1 1/2"						
220	2"						
280	2"						
300 380	2 1/2"						
430	<u>2</u> 3"						
430	3						
Thread G1	a BSP						
G2	NPT	<del></del>					
uz	IVI I						
Eiltroti	tion rating						
M25	Wire mesh 25 µm						
M60	Wire mesh 60 µm					Executio	
M90	Wire mesh 90 µm						P Filtri standard
M250	•	<del></del>					stomized
00						00	

(36)



MPA							
					. /-		
Size	Thread	ØD	H1	H2	A/F	Weight	
		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]	
012	3/8"	50	98	16	28	0.17	
015	1/2"	50	98	16	28	0.17	
025	1/2"	70	113	16	28	0.27	
030	3/4"	70	115	18	42	0.36	
045	3/4"	70	160	18	42	0.39	
050	1"	70	160	18	42	0.35	
075	1"	99	145	18	42	0.54	
095	1 1/4"	99	148	20	60	0.63	
120	1 1/4"	99	239	20	60	0.95	
150	1 1/2"	99	239	20	60	0.91	
180	1 1/2"	130	174	20	60	0.98	
220	2"	130	162	13	80	1.00	
280	2"	130	272	13	80	1.60	
300	2 1/2"	130	281	20	90	1.67	
380	2"	130	322	13	80	1.60	
430	3"	130	335	22	106	1.93	



MPM								
Size	Thread	ØD [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	A/F [mm]	Weight [kg]		
012	3/8"	50	98	16	28	0.17		
015	1/2"	50	98	16	28	0.17		
025	1/2"	70	113	16	28	0.27		
030	3/4"	70	115	18	42	0.36		
045	3/4"	70	160	18	42	0.39		
050	1"	70	160	18	42	0.35		
075	1"	99	148	18	42	0.54		
095	1 1/4"	99	154	20	60	0.63		
120	1 1/4"	99	244	20	60	0.95		
150	1 1/2"	99	244	20	60	0.91		
180	1 1/2"	130	174	20	60	0.98		
220	2"	130	163	13	80	1.00		
280	2"	130	273	13	80	1.60		
300	2 1/2"	130	282	20	90	1.67		
380	2"	130	323	13	80	1.60		
430	3"	130	336	22	106	1.93		



Protect the performance of your system with MYclean.

Quality and efficiency are fundamental for MP Filtri:
this exclusive new filter element possesses polygon shape geometry and specific seal that ensures only original spare parts can be used - ensuring correct operation and higher system reliability.







- Protects the machine from improper use of non-original products.
- Safety of constant quality protection & reliability

  With exclusive filter element you are sure that only MP Filtri filter

With exclusive filter element you are sure that only MP Filtri filter elements can be used, ensuring the best cleaning level of the oil due to the use of originals filter elements.



The products identified as SFEX are protected by:

- Italian Patent n° 102014902261205
- Oanadian Patent n° 2,937,258
- European Patent n° 3 124 092 B1
- US Patent n° 20170030384 A1



## SFEX series

Flow rate up to 100 I/min



### Description Technical data

### Suction filters

### Flow rate up to 100 l/min

SFEX are range of suction filters for protection of the downstream pump against the coarse contamination.

They are placed below the minimum oil level, directly connected to the suction line of the pump in-line mounted.

### **Available features:**

- Female threaded connections up to 1 1/4" and flanged connections up to 1 5/8", for a maximum flow rate of 100 l/min
- Bypass valve, to relieve excessive pressure drop across the filter media
- Visual, electrical, axial and radial vacuum gauges
- MYclean interface connection for the filter element, to protect the product against non-original spare parts
- External protective wrap, to optimize the flow through the element and to save the element efficiency against non-proper handling

### **Common application:**

- Mobile machines
- Industrial equipment

### Filter housing materials

- Head: Aluminium
- Bypass valve: Polyamide Steel
- Bowl: Polyamide

### **Bypass valve**

Opening pressure 30 kPa (0.3 bar) ±10%

### **Elements**

Fluid flow through the filter element from OUT to IN

### **Seals**

Standard NBR series A

### **Temperature**

From -25 °C to +110 °C

### Note

SFEX filters are provided for vertical mounting

### Weights [kg] and volumes [dm<sup>3</sup>]

Filter series	Weights [kg]	Volumes [dm³]
SFEX 060	1.00	0.60
SFEX 080	1.15	0.80
SFEX 110	1.90	1.60
SFEX 160	2.10	2.00

### Hydraulic symbols

Filter series	Style S	Style B
SFEX 060	•	•
SFEX 080	•	•
SFEX 110	•	•
SFEX 160	•	•
	OUT T II	OUT III



## FILTER ASSEMBLY SIZING Flow rates [I/min]

Filter element design - N Series					
Filter series	M60	M90	M250	P10	P25
SFEX 060	26	27	27	14	17
SFEX 080	28	29	29	21	23
0					

Connections of filter under test G 3/4"

Filter series	M60	M90	M250	P10	P25	
SFEX 060	31	33	33	13	20	
SFEX 080	34	35	35	24	30	

Connections of filter under test G 1"

Filter series	M60	M90	M250	P10	P25
SFEX 110	93	96	96	48	53
SFEX 160	98	99	99	60	65

Connections of filter under test G 1 1/4"

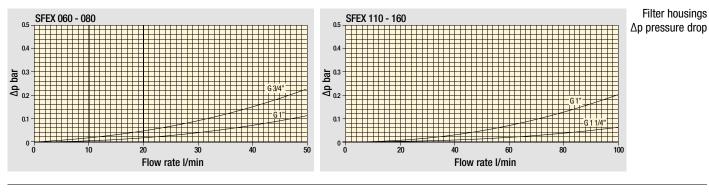
### Maximum flow rate for a complete suction filter with a pressure drop $\Delta p = 0.08$ bar.

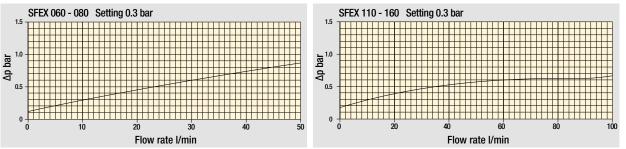
The reference fluid has a kinematic viscosity of 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) and a density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>.

For different pressure drop or fluid viscosity we recommend to use our selection software available on www.mpfiltri.com.

Please, contact our Sales Department for further additional information.

### Pressure drop



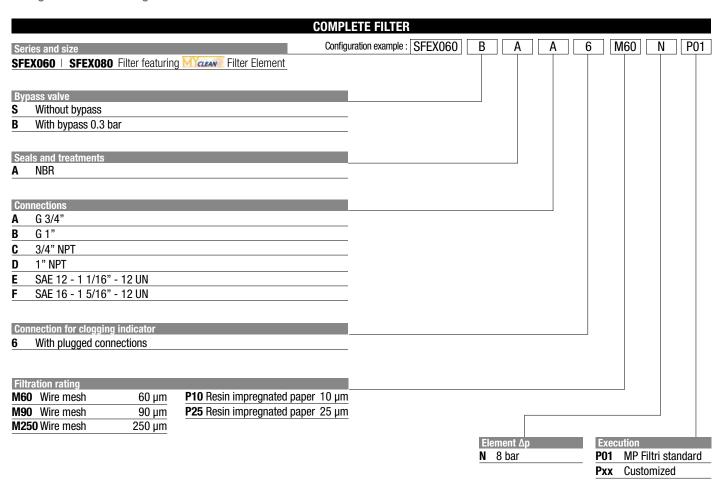


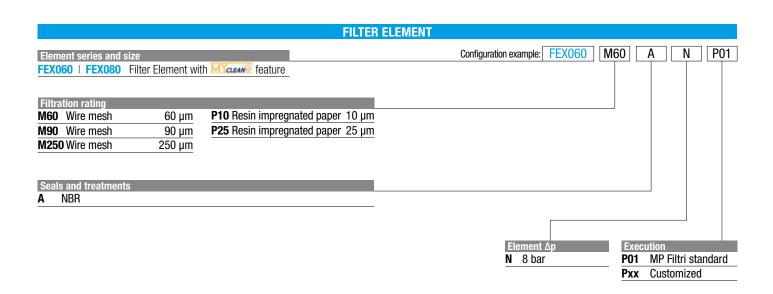
Bypass valve pressure drop

The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm $^3$  in compliance with ISO 3968.  $\Delta p$  varies proportionally with density.

## SFEX SFEX060 - SFEX080

### Designation & Ordering code





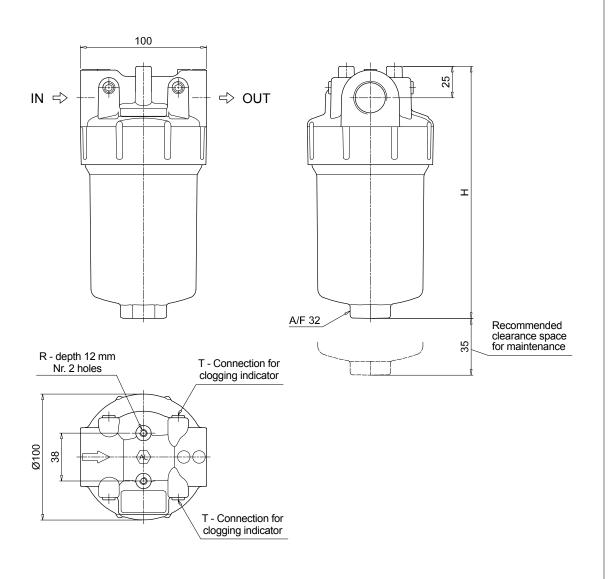
	CLOGGIN	G INDICATORS
VEB	Electrical vacuum indicator	
VLB	Electrical/visual vacuum indicator	
VVB	Axial pressure gauge	
VVS	Radial pressure gauge	



See page 679

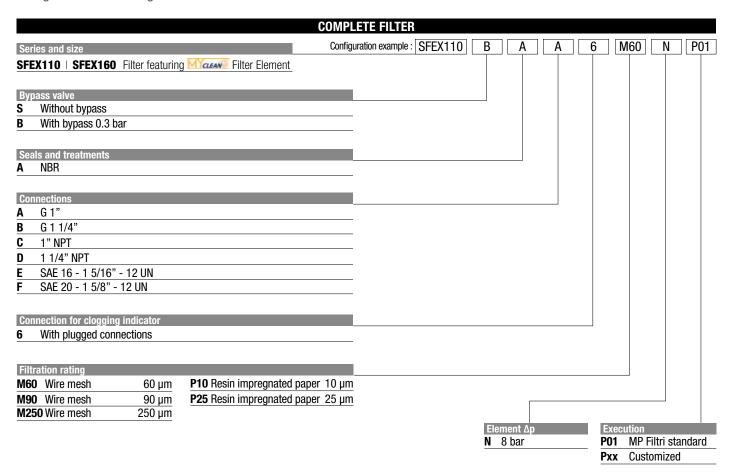
Filter size	H [mm]
060	202
080	265

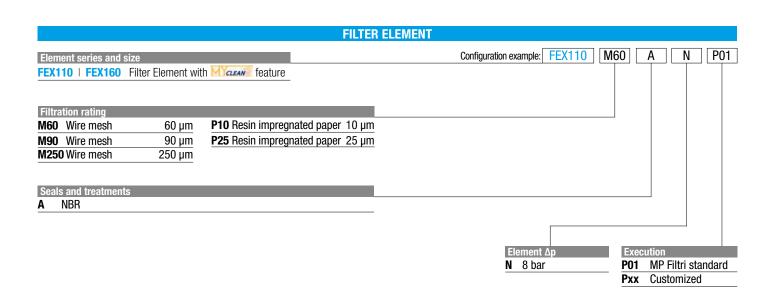
Connections	Т	R
Α	G 1/8"	M6
В	G 1/8"	M6
C	1/8" NPT	1/4" UNC
D	1/8" NPT	1/4" UNC
E	1/8" NPT	1/4" UNC
F	1/8" NPT	1/4" UNC



### SFEX SFEX110 - SFEX160

### Designation & Ordering code

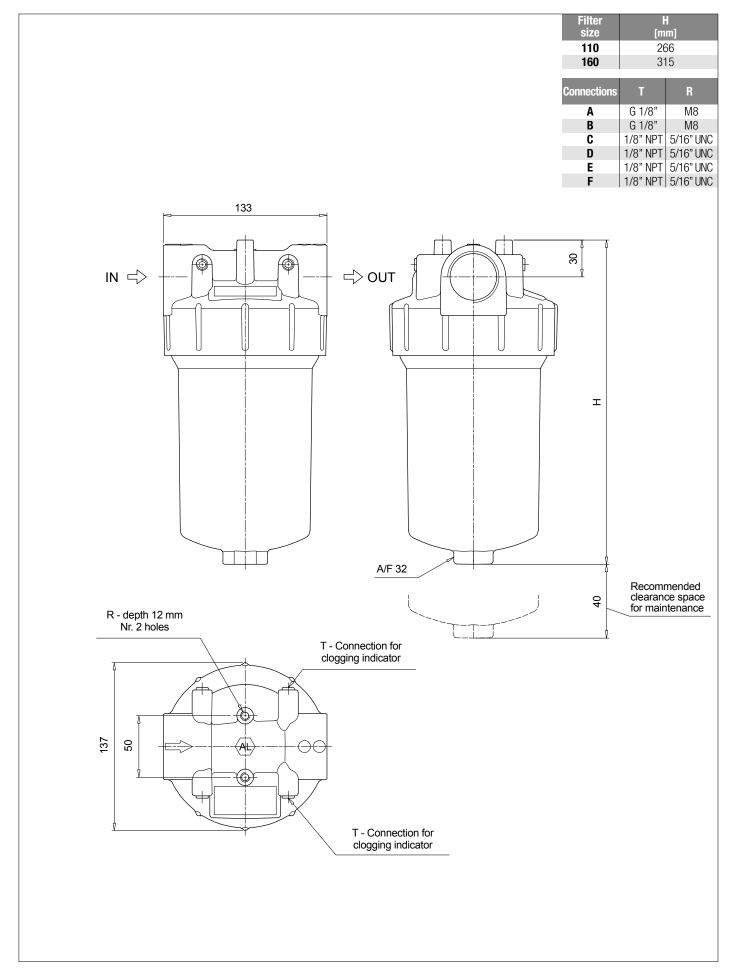




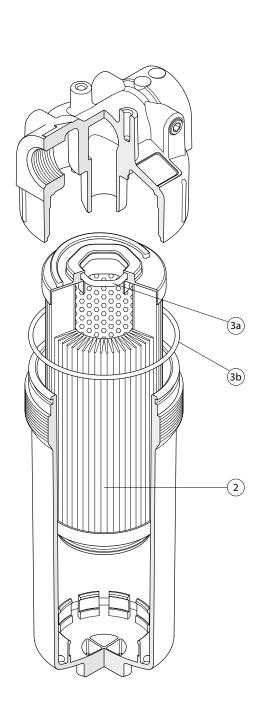
	CL	OGGING INDICATORS
VEB	Electrical vacuum indicator	
VLB	Electrical/visual vacuum indicator	
VVB	Axial pressure gauge	
VVS	Radial pressure gauge	



See page 679



Order number for spare parts



Item:	Q.ty: 1 pc.	Q.ty: 1 pc. (3a ÷ 3b)	
Filter series	Filter element	Seal Kit code number NBR	
SFEX 060-080	See order	02050771	
SFEX 110-160	table	02050772	





## SF2 250-350 series

Flow rate up to 160 I/min



## SF2 250-350 general information

### Description

### Suction filters

### Flow rate up to 160 l/min

SF2 250 and SF2 350 are ranges of suction filters with integrated shut-off valve for protection of the downstream pump against the coarse contamination.

They are placed below the minimum oil level, directly connected to the suction line of the pump.

They can be fitted on the side or below the tank, allowing a more flexible design of the tank.

The shut-off valve closes automatically when the cover is removed, allowing the filter element replacement without the fluid drop.

### **Available features:**

- -Female threaded connections up to 1" and flanged connections up to 1 1/2", for a maximum flow rate of 160 l/min
- Multiple connections, to connect several suction lines
- Bypass valve, to relieve excessive pressure drop across the filter media
- Magnetic filter, to hold the ferrous particles
- Visual, electrical and electronic clogging indicators

### **Common application:**

- Mobile machines
- Industrial equipment

### Technical data

### Filter housing materials

- Filter body: Aluminium
- Cover: Polyamide, GF reinforced
- Valve: Polyamide, GF reinforced Steel
- Anti-Emptying valve: Steel

### **Bypass valve**

Opening pressure 30 kPa (0.3 bar) ±10%

#### Elements

Fluid flow through the filter element from IN to OUT

### Seals

- Standard NBR series A
- Optional FPM series V

### **Temperature**

From -25 °C to +110 °C

### Note

SF2 250-350 filters mounting, see the drawings on page 43 and following.

### Weights [kg]

Filter series	
SF2 250	2.6
SF2 350	2.6



## GENERAL INFORMATION SF2 250-350

### FILTER ASSEMBLY SIZING Flow rates [I/min]

	Filter element design - N Series								
Filter series	M25 M60	M90	M250	P10	P25				
SF2 250	147 151	155	160	85	132				
SF2 350	147 151	155	160	85	132				

Maximum flow rate for a complete suction filter with a pressure drop  $\Delta p = 0.08$  bar.

The reference fluid has a kinematic viscosity of 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) and a density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>.

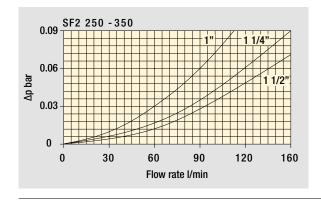
For different pressure drop or fluid viscosity we recommend to use our selection software available on www.mpfiltri.com.

You can also calculate the right size using the formulas present on the FILTER SIZING paragraph at the beginning of the full catalogue or at the beginning of the filter family brochure. Please, contact our Sales Department for further additional information.

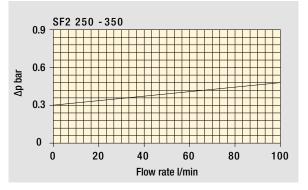
### Hydraulic symbols

Filter series	Style		Style Q - H		
SF2 250	•	-	•	-	
SF2 350	-	•	-	•	
	OUT TO THE PART OF	Aux OUT OUT OUT	OUT T	AUX OUT OUT OUT T T T T	

### Pressure drop Filter housings Δp pressure drop



Bypass valve pressure drop

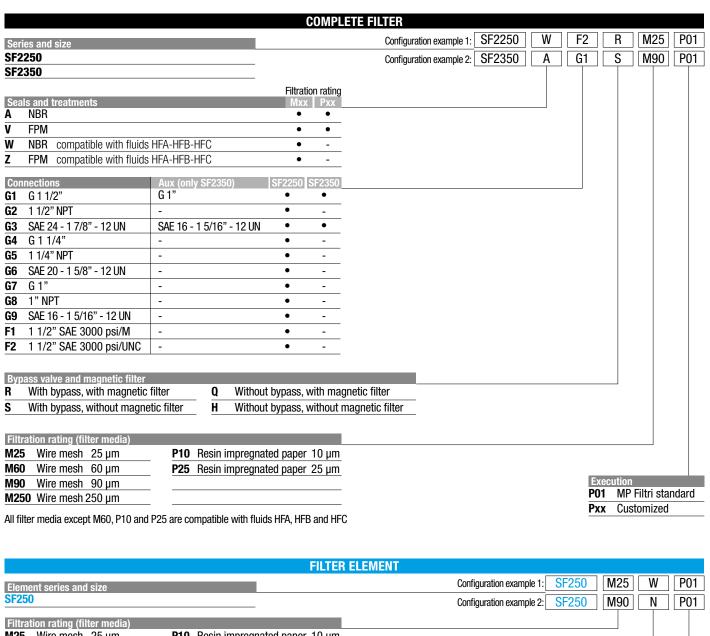


The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm³ in compliance with ISO 3968. Δp varies proportionally with density.



## SF2 250-350

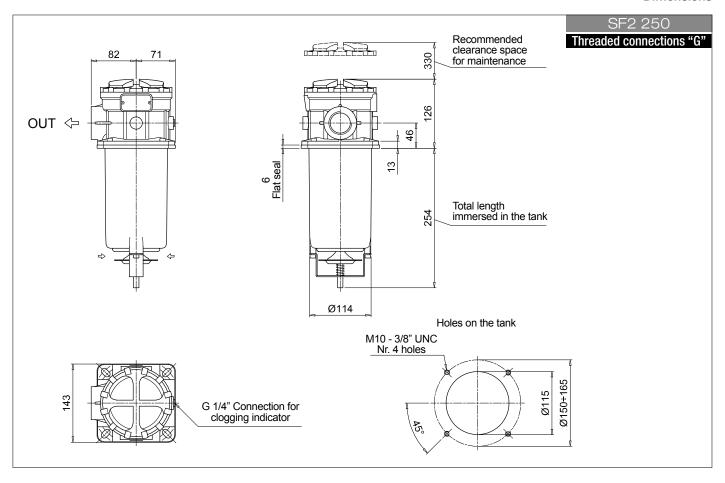
### Designation & Ordering code

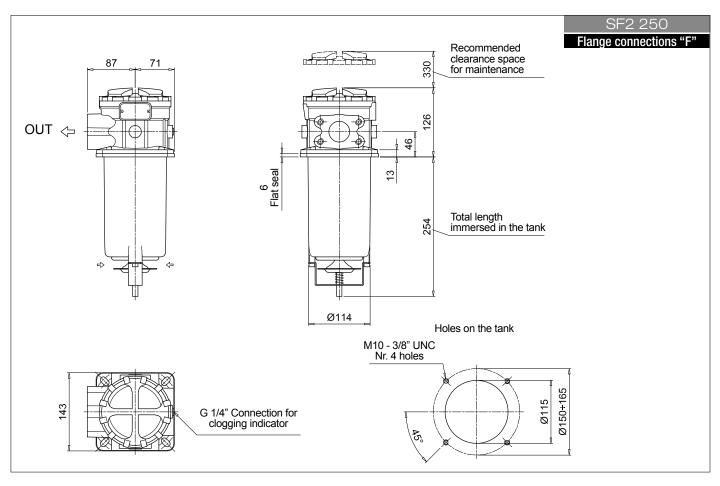


	FILTER ELEMENT		
Element series and size	Configuration example 1:	SF250 M25 V	<i>N</i> P01
SF250	Configuration example 2:	SF250 M90 I	N P01
Filtration rating (filter media)			
M25 Wire mesh 25 μm P10 Resin impregnated pape	10 μm		
M60 Wire mesh 60 μm P25 Resin impregnated pape	25 μm		
M90 Wire mesh 90 μm			
<b>M250</b> Wire mesh 250 μm			
Filtra	on rating		
	Pxx		]
N NBR •	•		
V FPM •	•	Execution	
W NBR compatible with fluids HFA-HFB-HFC   ●	<del></del>	P01 MP Filtri	i standard
Z FPM compatible with fluids HFA-HFB-HFC •	-	Pxx Customi	ized

	CLOG	GING INDICATORS	See page 679
VVA	Axial vacuum gauge		
VVR	Radial vacuum gauge		
VEA	Electrical vacuum indicator		
VLA	Electrical / visual vacuum indicator		

## SF2 250-350

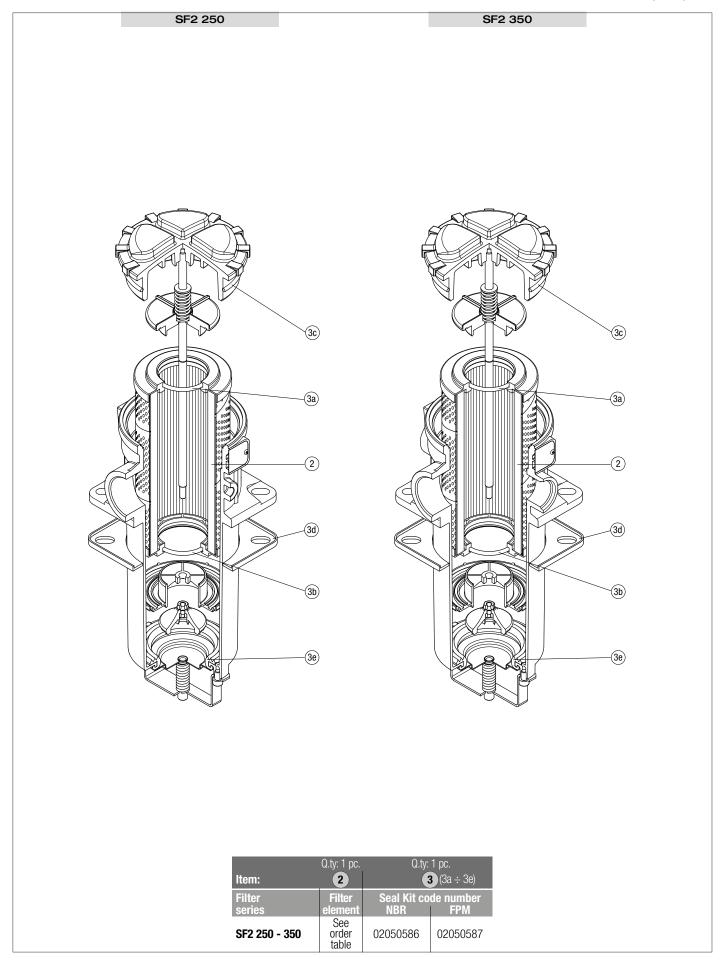




SF2 350 Recommended clearance space for maintenance 330 82 71 126 46 6 Flat seal 5 Total length immersed in the tank Ø114 Aux OUT Holes on the tank M10 - 3/8" UNC Nr. 4 holes Ø150÷165 Ø115 155 G 1/4" Connection for clogging indicator 5, Ŷ Aux OUT

## SPARE PARTS SF2 250-350

Order number for spare parts





# SF2 500 series

Flow rate up to 700 I/min



### SF2 500 general information

### Description

### Suction filters

### Flow rate up to 700 I/min

SF2 500 is a range of suction filters with integrated shut-off valve for protection of the downstream pump against the coarse contamination. They are placed below the minimum oil level, directly connected to the suction line of the pump.

They can be fitted on the side or below the tank, allowing a more flexible design of the tank.

The shut-off valve closes automatically when the cover is removed, allowing the filter element replacement without the fluid drop.

### **Available features:**

- Flanged connections up to 4", for a maximum flow rate of 700 I/min
- Optional hose fitting installed, to connect the suction line without the use of flanges
- Magnetic filter, to hold the ferrous particles
- Plastic and metal handle, to close the shut-off valve before the cover removal
- Electrical switch, to signal the closed shut-off valve
- Visual, electrical and electronic clogging indicators

### **Common application:**

Industrial equipment

### Technical data

### Filter housing materials

- Housing:

Anodized Aluminium

Steel (chemical heat treatment): only for SF2 535 - 540

- Cover:

Anodized Aluminium

Steel (chemical heat treatment): only for SF2 535 - 540

- Optional flange: Anodized Aluminium

### **Elements**

Fluid flow through the filter element from IN to OUT

### **Seals**

- Standard NBR series A
- Optional FPM series V

### **Temperature**

From -25 °C to +110 °C

### Note

SF2 500 filters mounting, see the drawings on page 51 and following

### Weights [kg]

Filter series	
SF2 500-501	4.0
SF2 503	4.8
SF2 504	5.8
SF2 505	6.0
SF2 510	7.2
SF2 535	17
SF2 540	19



## GENERAL INFORMATION SF2 500

### FILTER ASSEMBLY SIZING Flow rates [I/min]

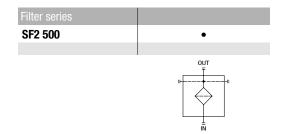
	Filter element design - N Series								
Filter series	M60 M25 M90 M250								
SF2 500	219 234								
SF2 501	259 282								
SF2 503	325 390								
SF2 504	484 543								
SF2 505	199 221								
SF2 510	259 282								
SF2 535	439 479								
SF2 540	644 688								

Maximum flow rate for a complete suction filter with a pressure drop  $\Delta p = 0.08$  bar.

The reference fluid has a kinematic viscosity of 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) and a density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>.

For different pressure drop or fluid viscosity we recommend to use our selection software available on www.mpfiltri.com.

You can also calculate the right size using the formulas present on the FILTER SIZING paragraph at the beginning of the full catalogue or at the beginning of the filter family brochure. Please, contact our Sales Department for further additional information.

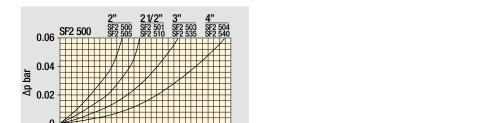


300

Flow rate I/min

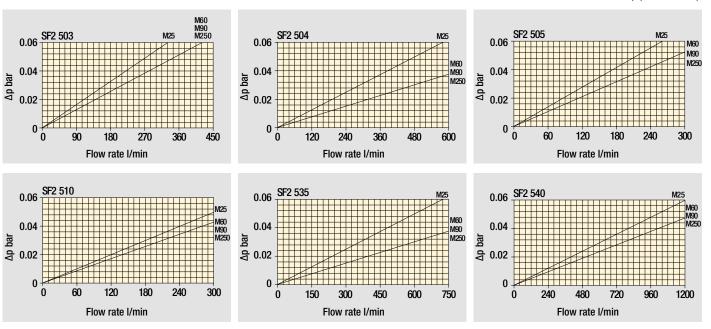
450

Hydraulic symbols



 $\begin{array}{c} Pressure \ drop \\ \text{Filter housings } \Delta p \ pressure \ drop \end{array}$ 



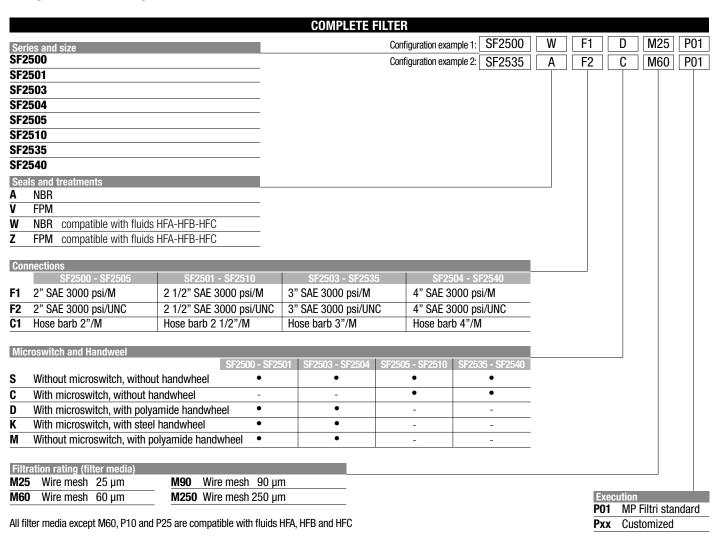


The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm³ in compliance with ISO 3968.  $\Delta p$  varies proportionally with density.



## SF2 500

### Designation & Ordering code

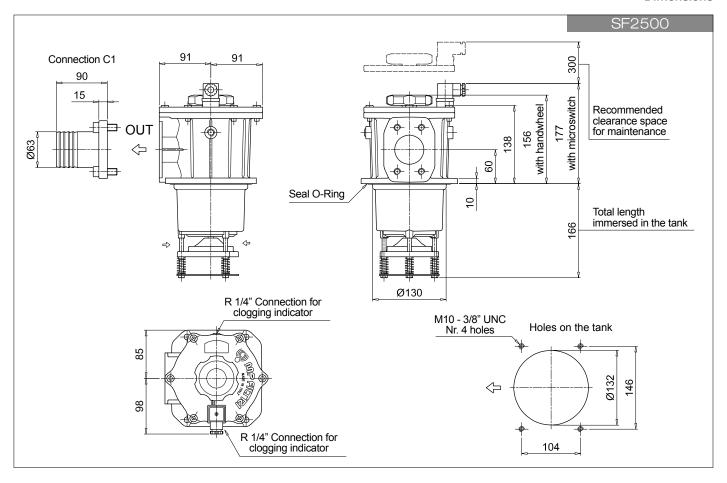


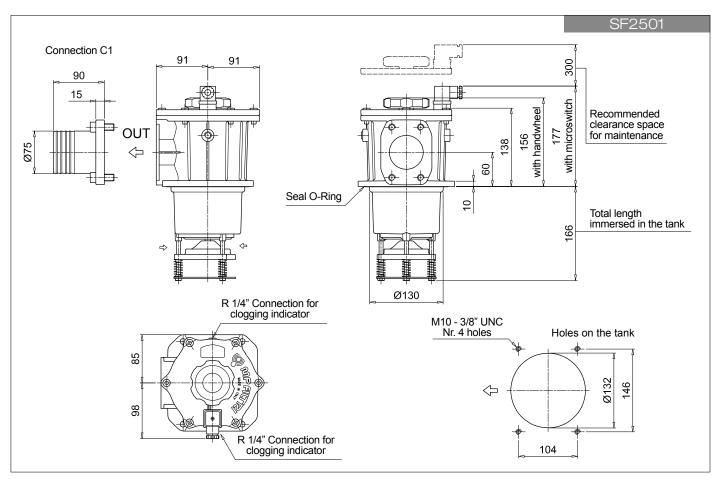
FILTER ELEMENT									
Elemen	it series	and size							Configuration example 1: SF510 M25 W P01
	SF2500	SF2501	SF2503	SF2504	SF2505	SF2510	SF2535	SF2540	Configuration example 2: SF535 M60 P01
SF503	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
SF504	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	
SF505	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	
SF510	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	
SF535	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	
SF540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	
Filtration rating (filter media)  M25 Wire mesh 25 µm  M90 Wire mesh 90 µm									
Seals a	M60 Wire mesh 60 μm M250 Wire mesh 250 μm  Seals and treatments								
	Standard version							Execution	
W Co	ompatibl	e with flu	iids HFA-	HFR-HF(	;				P01 MP Filtri standard
									Pxx Customized

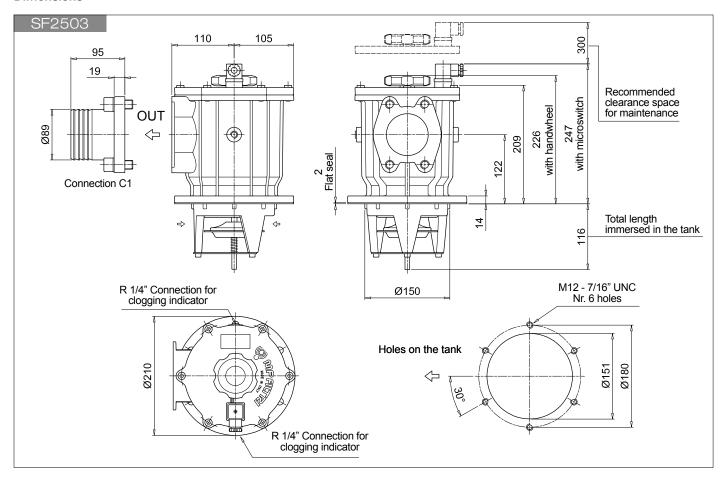
		<b>CLOGGI</b>	ING INDICATORS
VVA	Axial vacuum gauge		
VVR	Radial vacuum gauge		
VEA	Electrical vacuum indicator		
VLA	Flectrical / visual vacuum indicator		•

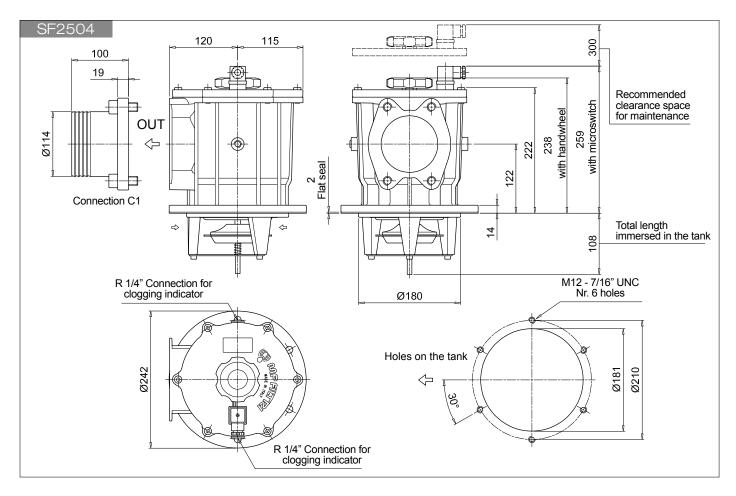
See page 679

SF2 500

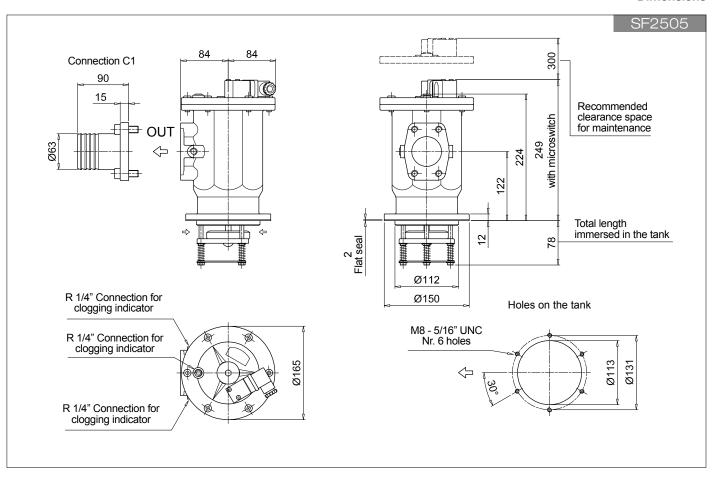


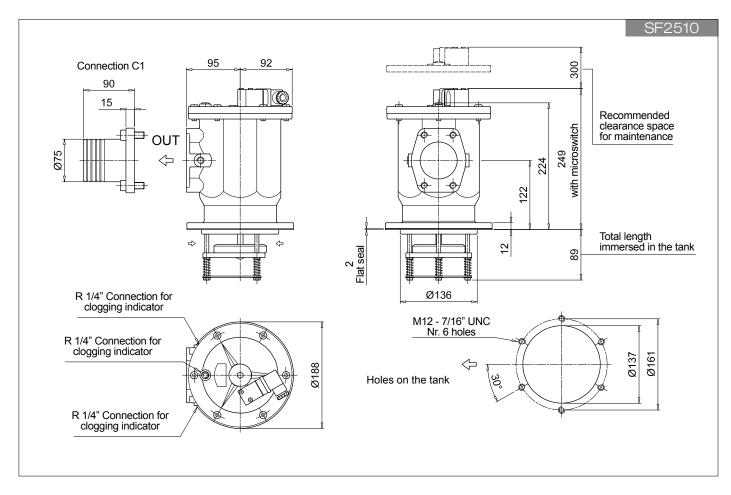


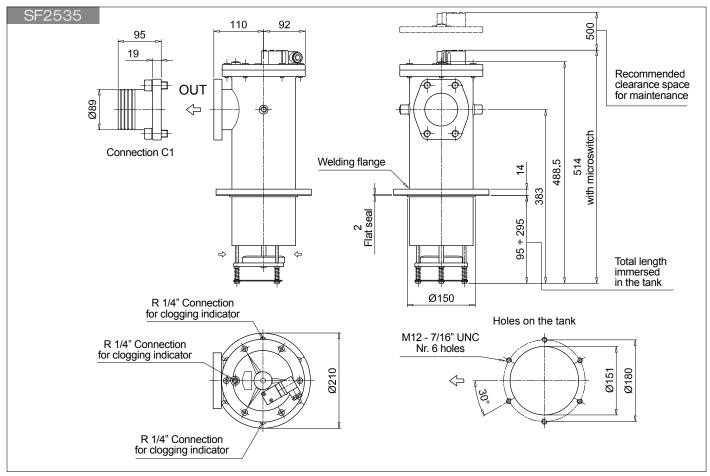


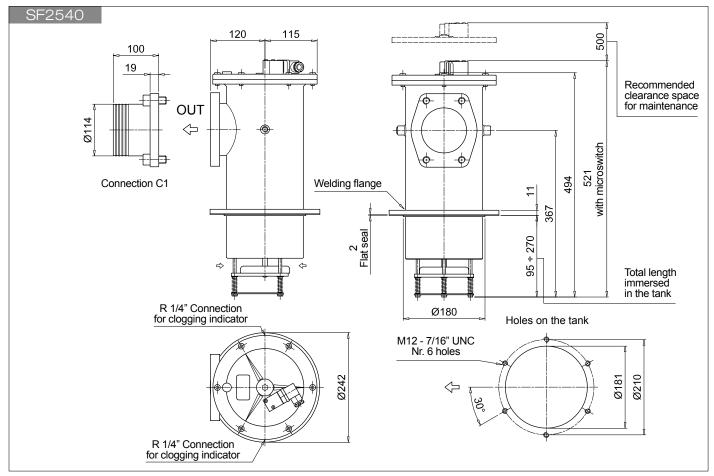


(62)





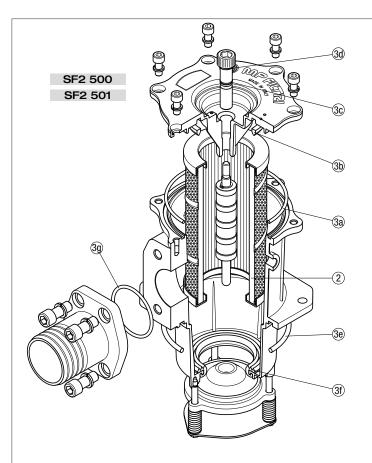


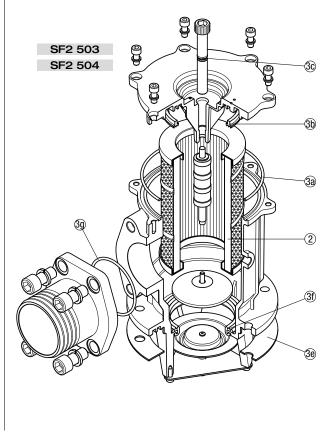


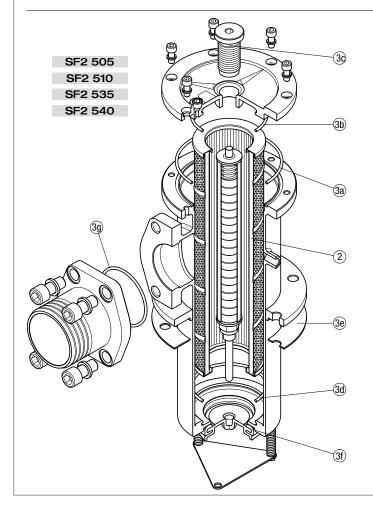
64

## SPARE PARTS SF2 500

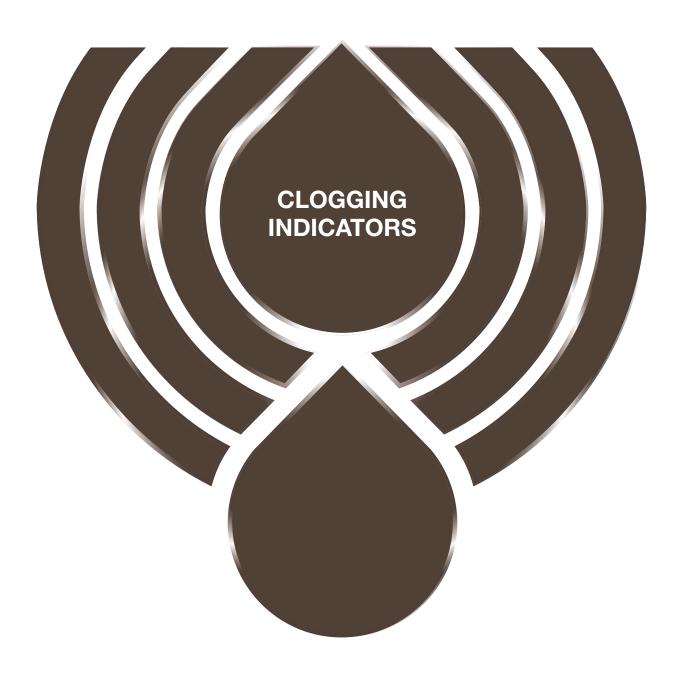
Order number for spare parts







	Q.ty: 1 pc.	Q.ty:	1 pc.		
Item:	2	<b>2 3</b> (3a -			
Filter	Filter	Seal Kit cod	de number		
series	element	NBR	FPM		
SF2 500		02050141	02050142		
SF2 501		02050143	02050144		
SF2 503	0	02050070	02050071		
SF2 504	See	02050072	02050073		
SF2 505	order	02050043	02050044		
SF2 510	table	02050045	02050046		
SF2 535		02050051	02050052		
SF2 540		02050053	02050054		



Clogging indicators are devices that check the life time of the filter elements. They measure the pressure drop through the filter element directly connected to the filter housing.

These devices trip when the clogging of the filter element causes a pressure drop increasing across the filter element.

Filter elements are efficient only if their Dirt Holding Capacity is fully exploited. This is achieved by using filter housings equipped with clogging indicators.

The indicator is set to alarm before the element becomes fully clogged.

MP Filtri can supply indicators of the following designs:

- Vacuum switches and gauges
- Pressure switches and gauges
- Differential pressure indicators

These type of devices can be provided with a visual, electrical or both signals. The electronic differential pressure clogging indicator is also available. It provides both analogical 4-20 mA output and digital warning (75% of clogging) and alarm (clogging) outputs.

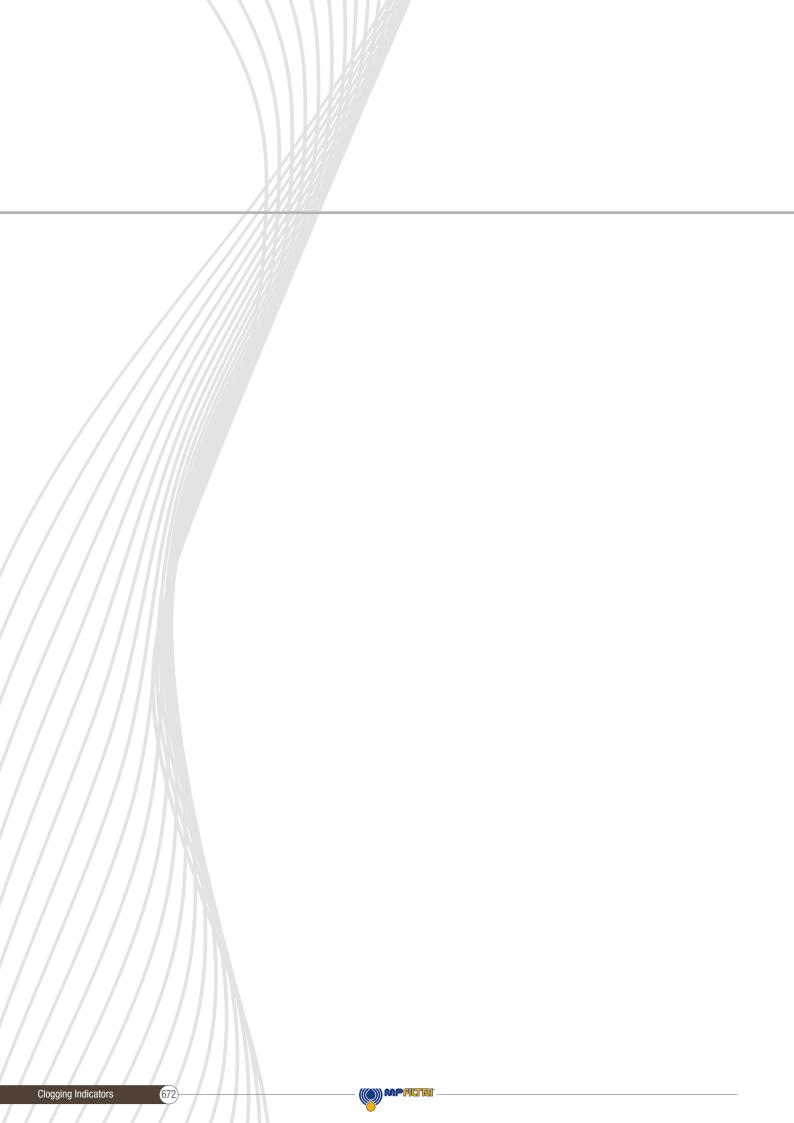
In the following pages you can find a reference guide about the types of clogging indicators available in the different families of MP Filtri's Hydraulic Filtration range of products.





# Clogging Indicators







# DESIGNATION, ORDERING CODES & TECHNICAL DATA

**INDEX** 

	Pag
QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	674
ORDERING CODES	
SUCTION FILTERS	679
RETURN FILTERS	680
RETURN / SUCTION FILTERS	682
ODIN ON FILTERO	00.4
SPIN-ON FILTERS	684
LOW & MEDIUM PRSSURE FILTERS	686
HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	687
STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	688
0 / M / E   S   C   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E	555
FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE	689
TECHNICAL DATA	
VACUUM INDICATORS	690
BAROMETRIC INDICATORS	692
DIFFERENTIAL INDICATORS	696
PLUGS	706



# QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

# Ordering codes

Orue	Ordering codes				
Filter family	Filter family Filter series		Visual indicators	Electrical indicators	Electronic / Electrical-Visual indicators
SUCTION FILTERS	SFEX0	ELIXIR* SFEX060-080-110-160	WB20P01 WS20P01	VEB21AA50P01	VLB21AA51P01 VLB21AA52P01 VLB21AA53P01 VLB21AA71P01
	0.3 bar	SF2 250 - 350 SF2 500 - 501 - 503 - 504 - 505 SF2 510 - 535 - 540	WA20P01 WR20P01	VEA21xA50P01	VLA21xA51P01 VLA21xA52P01 VLA21xA53P01 VLA21xA71P01
	With bypass 1.75 bar	ELIXIR* RFEX060-080-110-160	BVA14P01 BVR14P01 BVP15HP01 BVQ15HP01	BEA15HA50P01 BEM15HA41P01	BLA15HA51P01 BLA15HA52P01 BLA15HA53P01 BLA15HA71P01
	Without bypass	ELIXIR* RFEX060-080-110-160	BVA25P01 BVR25P01 BVP20HP01 BVQ20HP01	BEA20HA50P01 BEM20HA41P01	BLA20HA51P01 BLA20HA52P01 BLA20HA53P01 BLA20HA71P01
RETURN FILTERS	With bypass 1.75 bar	MDH 250	BVA14P01 BVR14P01 BVP15HP01 BVQ15HP01 DVS12HP01	BEA15HA50P01 BEM15HA41P01 DES12HA10P01 DES12HA30P01 DES12HA80P01	BLA15HA51P01 BLA15HA52P01 BLA15HA53P01 BLA15HA71P01
	With bypass 3 bar	MDH 250	BVA25P01 BVR25P01 BVP20HP01 BVQ20HP01	BEA20HA50P01 BEM20HA41P01 DES25HA10P01 DES25HA30P01 DES25HA80P01	BLA20HA51P01 BLA20HA52P01 BLA20HA53P01 BLA20HA71P01
	With bypass 1.75 bar	MPFX MPTX MPF MPT MPH	BVA14P01 BVR14P01 BVP15HP01 BVQ15HP01	BEA15HA50P01 BEM15HA41P01	BLA15HA51P01 BLA15HA52P01 BLA15HA53P01 BLA15HA71P01
	With bypass 3 bar With bypass 2.5 bar	MPFX MPTX MPF MPT MPH	BVA25P01 BVR25P01 BVP20HP01 BVQ20HP01	BEA20HA50P01 BEM20HA41P01	BLA20HA51P01 BLA20HA52P01 BLA20HA53P01 BLA20HA71P01
	With bypass 4.5 bar	MPLX	DVA20xP01 DVM20xP01	DEA20xA50P01 DEM20XX10P01 DEM20XX20P01 DEM20XX30P01	DLA20xA51P01 DLA20xA52P01 DLA20xA71P01 DLE20xA50P01
	With bypass 2.4 bar	FRI		DEM20XX30P01 DEM20XX35P01	DLE20xF50P01 DTA20xF70P01

674

# QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

# Ordering codes

F	Filter family	Filter se	eries	Visual indicators	Electrical indicators	Electronic / Electrical-Visual indicators
			MRSX 116 - 165 - 166 Suction line	VVB20P01 VVS20P01	VEB21AA50P01	VLB21AA51P01 VLB21AA52P01 VLB21AA53P01 VLB21AA71P01
RETURN / SUCTION FILTERS	With bypass valve 2.5 bar	th bypass valve is bar MRSX 116 - 165 - 166 Return line	BVA25P01 BVR25P01 BVP20HP01 BVQ20HP01	BEA20HA50P01 BEM20HA41P01 BET25HF10P01 BET25HF30P01 BET25HF50P01	BLA20HA51P01 BLA20HA52P01 BLA20HA53P01 BLA20HA71P01	
	NETURN /	With bypass valve 2.5 bar	LMP 124 MULTIPORT	BVA25P01 BVR25P01 BVP20HP01 BVQ20HP01 DVA20xP01 DVM20xP01	BEA20HA50P01 BEM20HA41P01 BET25HF10P01 BET25HF30P01 BET25HF50P01 DEA20xA50P01 DEM20XX10P01 DEM20XX20P01 DEM20XX30P01 DEM20XX35P01	BLA20HA51P01 BLA20HA52P01 BLA20HA53P01 BLA20HA71P01 DLA20xA51P01 DLA20xA52P01 DLA20xA71P01 DLE20xA50P01 DLE20xF50P01
		Suction line	MPS 050 - 070 - 100 - 150 MPS 200 - 250 - 300 - 350	VVB20P01 VVS20P01	VEB21AA50P01	VLB21AA51P01 VLB21AA52P01 VLB21AA53P01 VLB21AA71P01
	SPIN-ON FILTERS	Return line	MPS 050 - 070 - 100 - 150 MPS 200 - 250 - 300 - 350 MST 050 - 070 - 100 - 150	BVA14P01 BVR14P01 BVP15HP01 BVQ15HP01	BEA15HA50P01 BEM15HA41P01	BLA15HA51P01 BLA15HA52P01 BLA15HA53P01 BLA15HA71P01
	In-line	MPS 051 - 071 - 101 - 151 MPS 301 - 351 MSH 050 - 070 - 100 - 150	DVA12xP01 DVM12xP01	DEA12xA50P01 DEM12xAxxP01	DLA12xA51P01 DLA12xA52P01 DLA12xA71P01 DLE12xA50P01 DLE12xF50P01 DLE20xF50P01 DLE20xF50P01 DTA12xA70P01 DTA12xA70P01 DTA20xA70P01 DTA20xA70P01	

# Ordering codes

Filter family	Filter s	series	Visual indicators	Electrical indicators	Electronic / Electrical-Visual indicators
IEDIUM : FILTERS		ELIXIR° LFEX060-080-110-160	DVS25HP01	DES25HA10P01 DES25HA30P01 DES25HA80P01	
	With bypass valve 3.5 bar	LMP 110 - 112 - 116 - 118 - 119 MULTIPORT LMP 120 - 122 - 123 MULTIPORT LMP 210 - 211 - LDP LMP 400 - 401 & 430 - 431 LMP 900 - 901 LMP 902 - 903 LMP 950 - 951 LMP 952 - 953 - 954 LMD 211 - 400 - 401 - 431 - 951 - LDD	DVA20xP01 DVM20xP01	DEA20xA50P01  DEM20xx10P01  DEM20xx20P01  DEM20xx30P01  DEM20xx35P01	DLA20xA51P01 DLA20xA52P01 DLA20xA71P01 DLE20xA50P01 DLE20xF50P01 DTA20xF70P01
LOW & MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS		ELIXIR° LFEX060-080-110-160	DVS40HP01	DES40HA10P01 DES40HA30P01 DES40HA80P01	
	Without bypass valve	LMP 110 - 112 - 116 - 118 - 119 MULTIPORT LMP 120 - 122 - 123 MULTIPORT LMP 210 - 211 - LDP LMP 400 - 401 & 430 - 431 LMP 900 - 901 LMP 902 - 903 LMP 950 - 951 LMP 952 - 953 - 954 LMD 211 - 400 - 401 - 431 - 951 - LDD	DVA50xP01 DVM50xP01	DEA50xA50P01  DEM50xx10P01  DEM50xx20P01  DEM50xx30P01  DEM50xx35P01	DLA50xA51P01 DLA50xA52P01 DLA50xA71P01 DLE50xA50P01 DLE50xF50P01 DTA50xF70P01
HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	With bypass valve 6 bar	FMP 039 - 065 - 135 - 320 FHP 010 - 011 - 065 - 135 - 350 - 351 - 500 FMMX 050 FMM 050 - 150 FHA 051 HHM 006 - 007 - 010 - 050 - 065 - 135 - 320 - 500 FHB 050 - 135 - 320 FHF 325 FHD 021 - 051 - 326 - 333	DVA50xP01 DVM50xP01	DEA50xA50P01 DEM50xx10P01 DEM50xx20P01 DEM50xx30P01 DEM50xx35P01	DLA50xA51P01 DLA50xA52P01 DLA50xA71P01 DLE50xA50P01 DLE50xF50P01
	Without bypass valve	FMP 039 - 065 - 135 - 320 FHP 010 - 011 - 065 - 135 - 350 - 351 - 500 FMMX 050 FMM 050 - 150 FHA 051 FHM 006 - 007 - 010 - 050 - 065 - 135 - 320 - 500 FHB 050 - 135 - 320 FHF 325 FHD 021 - 051 - 326 - 333	DVA70xP01 DVA95xP01 DVM70xP01 DVM95xP01	DEA70xA50P01 DEA95xA50P01 DEM70xx10P01 DEM70xx20P01 DEM70xx30P01 DEM70xx35P01 DEM95xx10P01 DEM95xx20P01 DEM95xx30P01 DEM95xx35P01	DLA70xA51P01 DLA70xA52P01 DLA70xA71P01 DLA95xA51P01 DLA95xA52P01 DLA95xA71P01 DLE70xA50P01 DLE70xF50P01 DLE95xA50P01 DLE95xF50P01 DTA70xF70P01 DTA70xF70P01

# QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Ordering codes

Filter family	Filter seri	es	Visual indicators	Electrical indicators	Electronic / Electrical-Visual indicators
STAINLESS STEEL HIGH PRESSURE FILTERS	With bypass valve 6 bar	FZH 012 - 040	DVZ50xP01	DEZ50xA50P01	DLZ50xA50P01 DLZ70xA50P01 DLZ95xA50P01
	Without bypass valve	FZH 012 - 040	DVZ70xP01 DVZ95xP01	DEZ70xA50P01 DEZ95xA50P01	
	With bypass valve 6 bar	FZP 039 - 136 FZB 039 FZM 039 FZD 051	DVX50xP01 DVY50xP01	DEX50xA50P01	DLX50xA51P01 DLX50xA52P01
	Without bypass valve	FZP 039 - 136 FZB 039 FZM 039 FZD 010 - 021 - 051	DVX70xP01 DVX95xP01 DVY70xP01 DVY95xP01	DEX70xA50P01 DEX95xA50P01	DLX70xA51P01 DLX70xA52P01 DLX95xA51P01 DLX95xA52P01
FILTERS FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE	With bypass valve 6 bar	FMMX 050 FMM 050 -150	DVA50xP01 DVM50xP01	DEH50xA48P01 DEH50xA49P01 DEH50xA70P01	
	Without bypass valve	FMMX 050 FMM 050 -150	DVA70xP01 DVA95xP01 DVM70xP01 DVM95xP01	DEH70xA48P01 DEH70xA49P01 DEH70xA70P01 DEH95xA48P01 DEH95xA49P01 DEH95xA70P01	
	With bypass valve 6 bar	FZP 039 - 136	DVX50xP01 DVY50xP01	DEH50xA48P01 DEH50xA49P01 DEH50xA70P01	
	Without bypass valve	FZP 039 - 136	DVX70xP01 DVX95xP01 DVY70xP01 DVY95xP01	DEH70xA48P01 DEH70xA49P01 DEH70xA70P01 DEH95xA48P01 DEH95xA49P01 DEH95xA70P01	
	With bypass valve 6 bar	FZH 012 - 040	DVZ50xP01		
	Without bypass valve	FZH 012 - 040	DVZ70xP01 DVZ95xP01		



### Suitable indicator types

### **V** ACUUM INDICATORS

Vacuum indicators are used on the Suction line to check the efficiency of the filter element.

They measure the pressure downstream of the filter element.

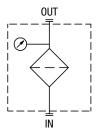
Standard items are produced with R 1/4" EN 10226 connection.

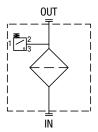
Available products with R 1/8" EN 10226 to be fitted on MPS series.

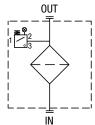
Vacuum indicators are identified in the Hydraulic Filtration catalogue and in the Quick Reference Guide table by the letter "V".

Example:









# **B** AROMETRIC INDICATORS

Pressure indicators are used on the Return line to check the efficiency of the filter element.

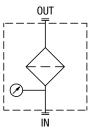
They measure the pressure upstream of the filter element.

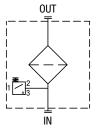
Standard items are produced with R 1/8" EN 10226 connection.

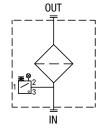
Barometric indicators are identified in the Hydraulic Filtration catalogue and in the Quick Reference Guide table by the letter "B"

Example:









## D IFFERENTIAL INDICATORS

Differential indicators are used on the Pressure line to check the efficiency of the filter element.

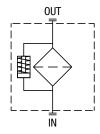
They measure the pressure upstream and downstream of the filter element (differential pressure).

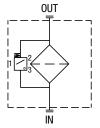
Standard items are produced with special connection G 1/2" size.

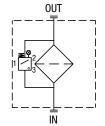
Also available in Stainless Steel models. Differential indicators are identified in the Hydraulic Filtration catalogue and in the Quick Reference Guide table by the letter "D"

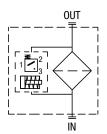
Example:



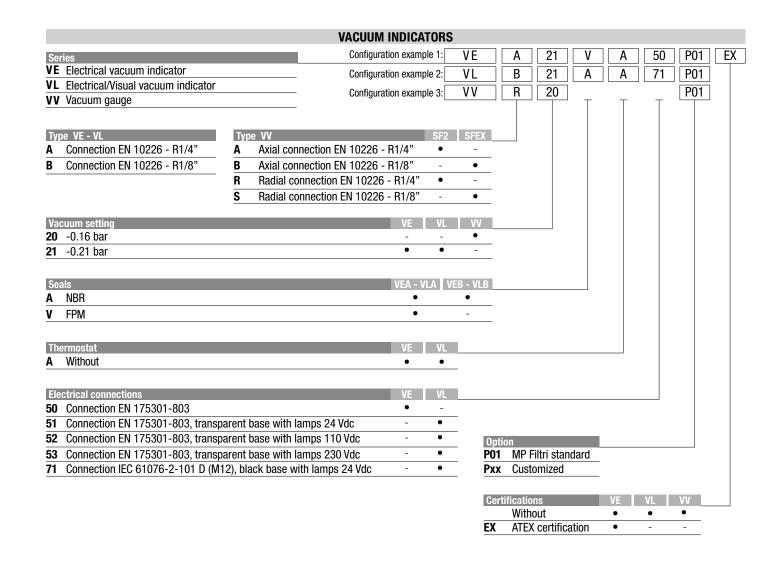








## Designation & Ordering code



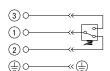
#### Technical data

# VE\*50 **Electrical Vacuum Indicator** Connection: EN 175301-803 Ordering code VE A 21 x A 50 P01 EN 10226 - R1/4" VE A 21 x A 50 P01 EX VE B 21 A A 50 P01 EN 10226 - R1/8" VE B 21 A A 50 P01 EX 77 VF 27 Max tightening 12 25 N∙m R

#### **Hydraulic symbol**



#### **Electrical symbol**







- Certification: ATEX, IECEx
- Certification included in EX version

#### **Materials**

Body: Brass Black polyamide - Base: - Contacts: Silver - Seal: VEA: NBR/FPM VEB: NBR

#### **Technical data**

- Vacuum setting: 0.21 bar ±10% - Max working pressure: 10 bar - Proof pressure: 15 bar

- Working temperature: From -25 °C to +80 °C - Compatibility with fluids: Mineral oils, Synthetic fluids HFA, HFB, HFC according to ISO 2943

- Degree of protection: IP65 according to EN 60529

#### **Electrical data**

- Electrical connection: EN 175301-803 - Resistive load: 5 A / 14 Vdc 4 A / 30 Vdc 5 A / 125 Vac

4 A / 250 Vac

- CE certification

- Available Atex product: II 1GD Ex ia IIC Tx Ex ia IIIC Tx °C X

### VL\*51 - VL\*52 - VL\*53 **Electrical/Visual Vacuum Indicator**

51: Connection EN 175301-803, transparent base with lamps 110 Vdc 52: Connection EN 175301-803, transparent base with lamps 24 Vdc 53: Connection EN 175301-803, transparent base with lamps 230 Vdc

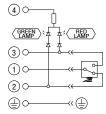
Ordering code

EN 10226 - R1/4"	VL A 21 x A xx P01
EN 10226 - R1/8"	VL B 21 A A xx P01
77	
12	A/F 27 Max tightening torque: 25 N·m

### **Hydraulic symbol**



#### **Electrical symbol**



#### **Materials**

- Body: Brass - Base: Transparent polyamide - Contacts: Brass - Polyamide - Seal: VLA: NBR/FPM VLB: NBR

#### **Technical data**

- Vacuum setting: 0.21 bar ±10% - Max working pressure: 10 bar - Proof pressure: 15 bar

- Working temperature: From -25 °C to +80 °C - Compatibility with fluids: Mineral oils, Synthetic fluids HFA, HFB, HFC according to ISO 2943

- Degree of protection: IP65 according to EN 60529

### **Electrical data**

- Electrical connection: EN 175301-803

- Type - Lamps 230 Vac 24 Vdc 110 Vdc - Resistive load: 1 A / 24 Vdc 1 A / 110 Vdc 1 A / 230 Vac

#### VI \*71

**Electrical/Visual Vacuum Indicator** Connection IEC 61076-2-101 D (M12), black base with lamps 24 Vdc

Connections

**Clogging Indicators** 

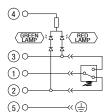
Indicator code

EN 10226 - R1/4"	VL A 21 x A 71 P01
EN 10226 - R1/8"	VL B 21 A A 71 P01
73	
Z1 R	A/F 27 Max tightening torque: 25 N·m

#### **Hydraulic symbol**



#### **Electrical symbol**



#### **Materials**

- Body: Brass - Base: Black polyamide - Contacts: Silver VLA: NBR/FPM - Seal: VLB: NBR

#### **Technical data**

- Vacuum setting: 0.21 bar ±10% - Max working pressure: 10 bar - Proof pressure: 15 har - Working temperature: From -25 °C to +80 °C

- Compatibility with fluids: Mineral oils, Synthetic fluids HFA, HFB, HFC according to ISO 2943

- Degree of protection: IP65 according to EN 60529

#### **Electrical data**

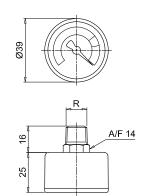
- Electrical connection: IEC 61076-2-101 D (M12) 24 Vdc (black base) - Lamps 0.4 A / 24 Vdc - Resistive load:



#### Technical data

# VVA - VVB Axial Vacuum Gauge

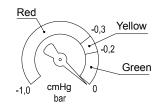
R	Ordering code
EN 10226 - R1/4"	VVA 20 P01
EN 10226 - R1/8"	VVB 20 P01



#### **Hydraulic symbol**



#### **Dial scale**



#### **Conversion to SI units**

[bar]
-0.16
-0.24
-1.01

#### Materials

Case: Black plastic
Window: Clear plastic
Dial: White plastic
Pointer: Black plastic
Pressure connection: Cu-alloy

- Pressure element: Bourdon tube Cu-alloy soft soldered, C type

- Movement: Cu-alloy

#### **Technical data**

- Max working pressure: Steady: -0.7 bar Fluctuating: -0.6 bar

Short time: -1.0 bar

- Working temperature: Ambienti from -40  $^{\circ}$ C to +60  $^{\circ}$ C

Fluid max + 60 °C

Storage from -40 °C to +60 °C

- Compatibility with fluids: Mineral oils, Synthetic fluids

HFA, HFB and HFC according to ISO 2943

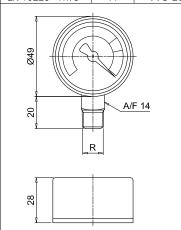
- Accuracy: Class 2.5 according to EN 13190

- Degree of protection: IP31 according to EN 60529

# VVR - VVS

#### Radial Vacuum Gauge

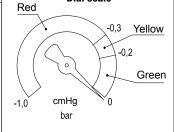
R	A/F	Ordering code
EN 10226 - R1/4"	14	VVR 20 P01
EN 10226 - R1/8"	11	VVS 20 P01



## **Hydraulic symbol**



## Dial scale



#### **Conversion to SI units**

[cmHg]	[bar]
-12	-0.16
-18	-0.24
-76	-1.01

#### Materials

Case: Black plastic
Window: Clear plastic
Dial: White plastic
Pointer: Black plastic
Pressure connection: Cu-alloy

- Pressure element: Bourdon tube Cu-alloy soft soldered, C type

- Movement: Cu-alloy

#### **Technical data**

- Max working pressure: Steady: -0.7 bar

Fluctuating: -0.6 bar Short time: -1.0 bar

- Working temperature: Ambienti from -40 °C to +60 °C

Fluid max + 60 °C

Storage from -40 °C to +60 °C

- Compatibility with fluids: Mineral oils, Synthetic fluids

HFA, HFB and HFC according to ISO 2943 Class 2.5 according to EN 13190

Accuracy: Class 2.5 according to EN 13
 Degree of protection: IP31 according to EN 60529

# WORLDWIDE NETWORK

CANADA ♦ CHINA ♦ FRANCE ♦ GERMANY ♦ INDIA ♦ SINGAPORE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES ♦ UNITED KINGDOM ♦ USA





**PASSION TO PERFORM** 

